# TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of TCI CO., LTD.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of TCI CO., LTD. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods then end, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Conclusion**

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at September 30, 2021 and 2020 and its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and nine-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the nine-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Hsu, Ming-Chuan Chih, Ping-Chiun

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

November 8, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(The balance sheets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

				September 30, 2	December 31, 2020			September 30, 2020			
	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Current assets										
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	5,000,383	33	\$	4,856,361	41	\$	4,359,363	38
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)									
	through profit or loss - current			129,591	1		135,402	1		26,958	-
1136	Current financial assets at	6(4) and 8									
	amortised cost			672,590	5		395,803	3		315,759	3
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5)		48,528	-		15,669	-		23,741	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5)		1,167,342	8		619,844	5		670,100	6
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7									
	parties			3,842	-		2,605	-		1,433	-
1200	Other receivables			42,192	-		56,952	1		32,825	1
1220	Current income tax assets	6(30)		1,946	-		2,281	-		1,946	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)		822,165	6		649,244	5		711,745	6
1410	Prepayments	6(7)		319,536	2		174,754	2		259,080	2
1470	Other current assets			42,249		_	35,940			25,854	
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>			8,250,364	55		6,944,855	58		6,428,804	56
	Non-current assets										
1517	Non-current financial assets at	6(3)									
	fair value through other										
	comprehensive income			28,083	-		25,848	-		25,848	-
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(4)									
	amortised cost			763,065	5		-	-		-	-
1550	Investments accounted for	6(8)									
	using equity method			2,533	-		1,900	-		-	_
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(9)		4,443,316	29		3,714,190	31		3,561,421	31
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(10)		101,816	1		113,026	1		121,244	1
1760	Investment property, net	6(11)		8,867	_		-	_		-	_
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)		450,622	3		22,239	_		25,295	_
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)		30,012	_		59,758	1		52,947	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(13) and 8		986,576	7		1,083,042	9		1,175,530	11
15XX	Total non-current assets	• •		6,814,890	45	_	5,020,003	42		4,962,285	44
1XXX	Total assets		\$	15,065,254	100	\$	11,964,858	100	\$	11,391,089	100
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TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(The balance sheets as of September 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

					December 31, 20	September 30, 2020					
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%		10UNT	%
	Current liabilities										
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14)	\$	1,346,015	9	\$	1,076,334	9	\$	1,075,230	9
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)		563,143	4		653,708	5		751,299	7
2150	Notes payable			3,855	-		1,944	-		595	-
2170	Accounts payable			1,100,719	7		728,508	6		791,169	7
2180	Accounts payable - related	7									
	parties			4,282	-		12,309	-		8,697	-
2200	Other payables	6(15)		1,995,451	13		855,157	7		801,707	7
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(30)		444,819	3		456,175	4		367,446	3
2280	Current lease liabilities			33,571	-		30,635	-		32,805	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(16)									
	portion			-	-		434,268	4		433,547	4
2399	Other current liabilities, others			53,094	1		56,458	1		53,870	1
21XX	Total current liabilities			5,544,949	37		4,305,496	36		4,316,365	38
	Non-current liabilities										
2540	Long-term borrowings			591,550	4		3,980	-		3,980	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		4,093	-		441	-		1,389	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			41,930	-		54,666	1		61,759	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities			11,797			11,872			11,581	_
25XX	Total non-current										
	liabilities			649,370	4		70,959	1		78,709	1
2XXX	<b>Total liabilities</b>			6,194,319	41		4,376,455	37		4,395,074	39
	Equity attributable to owners of	f									
	parent										
	Share capital	6(19)									
3110	Share capital - common stock			1,182,399	8		1,182,202	10		1,176,012	10
3140	Advance receipts for share										
	capital			-	-		-	-		5,690	-
	Capital surplus	6(20)									
3200	Capital surplus			2,623,960	17		2,618,432	21		2,611,097	23
	Retained earnings	6(21)									
3310	Legal reserve			744,681	5		598,016	5		598,016	5
3320	Special reserve			244,700	2		325,709	3		325,709	3
3350	Unappropriated retained										
	earnings			3,497,051	23		3,259,603	27		2,811,664	24
	Other equity interest	6(22)									
3400	Other equity interest		(	335,085)(	2)	(	257,069)(			392,549)(	3)
3500	Treasury shares	6(19)	(	118,787)(	<u>1</u> )	(	226,857)(	<u>2</u> )	(	226,857)(	<u>2</u> )
31XX	Equity attributable to										
	owners of the parent			7,838,919	52		7,500,036	62		6,908,782	60
36XX	Non-controlling interest			1,032,016	7		88,367	1		87,233	1
3XXX	<b>Total equity</b>			8,870,935	59		7,588,403	63		6,996,015	61
	Significant contingent liabilities	9									
	and unrecognised contract										
	commitments										
	Significant events after the	11									
	balance sheet date										
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	15,065,254	100	\$	11,964,858	100	\$ 1	1,391,089	100
			-								

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(UNAUDITED)

			Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30					
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%		
4000	Sales revenue	6(23)	\$ 2,377,416		\$ 2,156,732	100	\$ 6,663,825	100	\$ 6,168,980	100		
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(16)(28)(2	Ψ 2,577,410	100	Ψ 2,130,732	100	Ψ 0,005,025	100	Ψ 0,100,200	100		
	1 8	9)	( 1,304,534)(	55) (	1,176,502)(	54) (	3,717,232) (	56) (	3,424,206) (	(55)		
5900	Net operating margin		1,072,882	45	980,230	46	2,946,593	44	2,744,774	45		
	Operating expenses	6(6)(9)(10)										
6100	Selling expenses		( 216,914)(	9)(	141,687) (	7)(	658,702) (	10) (	395,834) (	7)		
6200	General and administrative											
	expenses		( 144,622) (	6)(	155,574) (	7)(	444,497) (	6)(	443,327) (	7)		
6300	Research and development							J				
(450	expenses		( 131,846) (	6) (	150,303) (	7)(	388,357) (	6) (	384,240) (	(6)		
6450	Expected credit impairment loss		( 3,006)			,	3,006)	,	8)			
6000	Total operating expenses		( <u>3,006</u> ) (496,388) (	21) (	447,564) (	<u>-</u> (	1,494,562) (	22) (	1,223,409) (	20)		
6900	Operating profit		576,494	24	532,666	25	1,494,302) (		1,521,365	25		
0900	Non-operating income and		370,494		332,000	23	1,432,031	22	1,321,303			
	expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(24)	21,353	1	15,024	1	60,035	1	23,409	_		
7010	Other income	6(25)	13,935	1	77,161	3	71,339	1	107,710	2		
7020	Other gains and losses	6(26)	120,126	5 (			140,717	2	2,654	-		
7050	Finance costs	6(27)	( 2,938)	- (		- (	17,007)	- (	10,466)	-		
7060	Share of profit (loss) of	6(8)										
	associates and joint ventures											
	accounted for using equity											
	method		(640)				6,172					
7000	Total non-operating income		151 006	-	70 570	2	261 256		122 227	2		
7000	and expenses		151,836	7	78,579	3	261,256	4	123,307	2		
7900 7950	Profit (loss) before income tax Income tax expense	6(30)	728,330	31 9) (	611,245	28 5) (	1,713,287	26	1,644,672	27		
8200	Profit (loss) for the period	0(30)	( <u>210,331</u> ) ( \$ 517,999	22	109,676) ( \$ 501,569	23	313,355) ( \$ 1,399,932	<u>5</u> ) (	240,945) ( \$ 1,403,727	23		
8200	•		\$ 317,999		\$ 301,309	23	\$ 1,399,932	21	\$ 1,403,727			
	Other comprehensive (loss) income											
	Other comprehensive (loss)											
	income that will be reclassified											
	to profit or loss											
8361	Financial statements	6(22)										
	translation differences of											
	foreign operations		( <u>\$ 8,380</u> ) (	1)	\$ 79,489	4 (	(\$ 86,696) (	<u>1</u> ) (	\$ 33,776) (	<u> </u>		
8300	Total other comprehensive loss											
	for the period		( <u>\$ 8,380</u> ) (	1)	\$ 79,489	4 (	(\$ 86,696) (	<u>1</u> ) (	\$ 33,776) (	1)		
8500	Total comprehensive income for											
	the period		\$ 509,619	21	\$ 581,058	27	\$ 1,313,236	20	\$ 1,369,951	22		
0610	Profit attributable to:			20		2.2	h	2.0	h 1 200 050	2.2		
8610	Owners of the parent		\$ 472,124		\$ 494,290	23	\$ 1,344,393	20	\$ 1,390,853	23		
8620	Non-controlling interest		45,875	2	7,279		55,539	1	12,874			
			\$ 517,999	22	\$ 501,569	23	\$ 1,399,932	21	\$ 1,403,727	23		
	Comprehensive income attributable to:											
8710	Owners of the parent		\$ 464,060	19	\$ 573,755	27	\$ 1,257,100	19	\$ 1,357,144	22		
8720	Non-controlling interest		45,559	2	7,303	21	56,136	19	12,807	22		
0720	Tron controlling interest		\$ 509,619	21	\$ 581,058	27	\$ 1,313,236	20	\$ 1,369,951	22		
			Ψ 507,017	21	Ψ JO1,030	21	Ψ 1,515,250	20	Ψ 1,507,751			
	Basic earnings per share (In	6(31)										
	dollars)	- ()										
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$	4.02	\$	4.23	\$ 1	1.47	\$ 1	11.86		
9850	Diluted earnings per share			4.00		4.17				11.64		
	<i>5</i> 1		-									

## TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

								Equity a	attributable to owners o	f the parent									
			C	apital				Retained Earnin	ngs		Other equity	interes	t						
	Notes	Share o		Advance recei		Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised (losses) fr financial as measured a value through comprehen income	om sets fair other sive	Other equity - others	Treasury shares		Total	Non- controlling interest	To	tal equity
For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2020																			
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 1,1	96,172	\$	-	\$ 2,600,733	\$ 396,403	\$ 168,346	\$ 3,192,547	(\$ 314,133 )	(\$ 11,	576)	(\$ 95,417)	\$ -	\$	7,133,075	\$ 74,426	\$ 7	7,207,501
Profit for the year				·	-		-		1,390,853	-	-	_	-	-		1,390,853	12,874		1,403,727
Other comprehensive loss for the year	6(22)				_	_	_	_	-	( 33,709)		_	-	_	(	33,709)	( 67)	(	33,776)
Total comprehensive income	6(20)		-		-				1,390,853	( 33,709 )	-	_			`-	1,357,144	12,807	1	,369,951
Appropriations of 2019 earnings												_							
Legal reserve			-		-	-	201,613	-	( 201,613)	-		-	-	-		-	-		-
Special reserve			-		-	-	-	157,363	( 157,363 )	-		-	-	-		-	-	, ,	-
Cash dividends Exercise of employee stock			-		-	-	-	-	( 1,040,622 )	-		-	-	-	(	1,040,622)	-	( 1	1,040,622 )
purchase plans			_	5.	690	27,255	_	_	-	_		-	_	_		32,945	-		32,945
Share-based payments	6(18)(22)		-		-	29,009	-	-	-	-		-	62,286	-		91,295	-		91,295
Share-based payments and employee restricted shares		(	160 )			_	_	_	_	_			_		(	160 )	_	(	160 )
Purchase of treasury shares	6(19)	(	100 )				-	-	-	-				( 664,895 )	(	664,895 )	-	(	664,895 )
Treasury shares retired	- ( - /	(	20,000)		-	( 45,900 )	-	_	( 372,138)	_		-		438,038	`	-	-	`	-
Balance at September, 2020			76,012	\$ 5,	690	\$ 2,611,097	\$ 598,016	\$ 325,709	\$ 2,811,664	(\$ 347,842)	(\$ 11,	576 )	(\$ 33,131)	(\$ 226,857)	\$	6,908,782	\$ 87,233	\$ 6	5,996,015

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## TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

					Equity attributable to owners of the parent									
			Capital			Retained Earning			Other equity interes	t				
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Advance receipts for share capital	Capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Other equity - others	Treasury shares	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
For the three-months period ended March 31, 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 1,182,202	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 2,618,432	\$ 598,016	\$ 325,709	\$ 3,259,603	(\$ 233,124 )	(\$ 11,576)	(\$ 12,369)	(\$ 226,857)	\$ 7,500,036	\$ 88,367	\$ 7,588,403
Profit for the period	((22)	-	-	-	-	-	1,344,393	-	-	-	-	1,344,393	55,539	1,399,932
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(22)	_	_	_	_	-	_	( 87,293)	_	_	_	( 87,293)	597	( 86,696)
	6(20)						1,344,393	(87,293)				1,257,100	56,136	1,313,236
Appropriations of 2020 earnings														
Legal reserve		-	-	-	146,665	-	( 146,665)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	-	( 81,009)	81,009	-	-	-	-	- 1 040 756	-	- 1 040 756
Cash dividends Exercise of employee stock		-	-	-	-	-	( 1,040,756 )	-	-	-	-	( 1,040,756 )	-	( 1,040,756 )
purchase plans		230	-	1,063	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	1,293	-	1,293
Share-based payments and employee restricted shares		( 40 )	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 40 )	-	( 40 )
Conversion of convertible bonds into shares	6(16)	7		193					_	_	_	200	_	200
	6(18)(22)	-	-	10,206	-	-	-	-	-	9,277	-	19,483	-	19,483
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures		-	-	( 6,568)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 6,568)	-	( 6,568)
Changes in non-controlling interests		_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	887,513	887,513
Exercise of employee stock purchase plans		-	-	366	_	_	_	_		_	-	366	-	366
Treasury stock transferred to employees		-	-	268	-	-		-	-	-	108,070	108,338	_	108,338
Adjustment to non-proportional investment							(533_)				<u>-</u>	(533_)	<u> </u>	(533_)
Balance at September 31, 2021		\$ 1,182,399	\$ -	\$ 2,623,960	\$ 744,681	\$ 244,700	\$ 3,497,051	(\$ 320,417)	(\$ 11,576)	(\$ 3,092)	(\$ 118,787)	\$ 7,838,919	1,032,01	\$ 8,870,935

# TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

			Nine months end				
	Notes		2021		2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	1,713,287	\$	1,644,672		
Adjustments							
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Expected credit impairment loss	12(2)		3,024		8		
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(2)(26)						
profit or loss		(	35,837)		1,118		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	6(26)						
equipment		(	637)		253		
Gain on disposal of investments		(	116,955)		-		
Depreciation	6(9)(10)(11)(29)		315,891		234,004		
Amortisation	6(12)(29)		9,284		12,977		
Interest income	6(24)	(	60,035)	(	23,409)		
Dividend income	6(25)	(	3,420)		-		
Interest expense	6(27)		17,007		10,466		
Compensation cost arising from employee stock	6(18)(29)						
options			19,483		91,295		
Gains arising from lease modifications	6(10)(26)	(	44 )		-		
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(8)						
accounted for under the equity method		(	633)		-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets							
Notes receivable			1,830	(	17,901)		
Accounts receivable		(	479,201)	(	68,555)		
Accounts receivable - related parties			8,349		177		
Other receivables			28,459	(	14,325)		
Inventories		(	75,035)		372,578		
Prepayments		(	138,799)		13,986		
Other current assets		(	1,639)		4,118		
Changes in operating liabilities							
Contract liabilities - current		(	97,672)		171,510		
Notes payable			1,911	(	2,520)		
Accounts payable			328,377	(	129,700)		
Accounts payable - related parties		(	8,027)	(	20,581)		
Other payables			42,280	(	219,851)		
Other current liabilities			2,988		16,799		
Cash inflow generated from operations			1,474,236		2,077,119		
Interest received			60,035		23,409		
Dividends received			3,420		, <u>-</u>		
Interest paid		(	8,344)	(	7,455)		
Income tax paid		į (	300,944)	į (	129,758)		
Net cash flows from operating activities			1,228,403		1,963,315		

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# TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (UNAUDITED)

	Nine months ended				l September 30			
	Notes		2021		2020			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of non-current financial assets at fair								
value through other comprehensive income		(\$	2,235)	\$	_			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(33)	( )	38,980)		83,056)			
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	0(00)	(	30,700 )	(	03,030 )			
equipment			2,587		105			
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits	6(13)		1,659	(	3,800)			
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(12)	(	2,577)	(	7,078)			
Decrease (Increase) in other non-current assets	0(12)	ì	11,978)		16,633)			
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through		(	11,570)	(	10,033 )			
profit or loss		(	124,789)	(	28,076)			
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair		(	121,700)	(	20,070)			
value through profit or loss			6,113		_			
Increase in financial assets at amortised cost		(	999,065)		117,731			
Increase in prepayments for purchase of equipment		(	425,220)	(	586,014)			
Net cash outflow on acquisitions of subsidiaries	6(32)	(	162,109)	(	500,011)			
Net cash flows used in investing activities	0(32)	(	1,756,594)	(	606,821)			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(	1,750,554)	(	000,021			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings			5,296,373		3,007,330			
Repayments of short-term borrowings		(	5,024,075)	(	2,133,450)			
Repayment of bonds		(	441,761)	(	2,133,430 )			
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		(	587,570		3,980			
Lease liabilities paid	6(10)	(	26,115)	(	30,070)			
Decrease in guarantee deposits	0(10)	(	194)	(	97)			
Cash dividends paid		(	174 )	(	1,040,622)			
Employee stock options			1,293	(	32,945			
Unvested redeemed stocks from restricted stocks to	6(19)		1,275		JL, J+J			
employees	0(1))	(	40)	(	160)			
Payments due to disgorgement		(	366	(	100 )			
Payments to acquire treasury shares	6(19)		-	(	664,895)			
Net cash flows from business combination	6(30)		108,338	(	-			
Proceeds from capital increase of non-controlling	0(30)		100,550					
interests			247,350		_			
Net cash flows from (used in) financing			277,330		_			
activities			749,105	(	825,039)			
Effects due to changes in exchange rate			76,892)	(	20,286)			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(	144,022	·	511,169			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		4,856,361		3,848,194			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	\$	5,000,383	\$	4,359,363			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	O(1)	φ	5,000,363	Φ	4,339,303			

## TCI CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(Reviewed, not audited)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

TCI CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in manufacturing, wholesale and retail of health foods and cosmetics.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on November 8, 2021.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption	January 1, 2021
from applying IFRS 9'	
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, '	January 1, 2021
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2'	
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond	April 1, 2021 (Note)
30 June 2021'	

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use'	
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a	January 1, 2022
contract'	
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2018 - 2020 cycle	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International
	Accounting Standards
	Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (b) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (c) Liabilities on cash-settled share-based payment arrangements measured at fair value.
  - (d) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
  - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial

recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

## B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				wnership (	<b>%</b> )	
Name of	Name of	Main business	September	December	September	
investor	subsidiary	activities	30, 2021	31, 2020	30, 2020	Description
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI FIRSTEK CORP.	Wholesale and retail of health foods and cosmetics	100	100	100	Note 1
TCI CO., LTD.	GENE & NEXT INC.	Research and development of biotechnology and genetics	61.19	61.19	61.19	Note 1
TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	Producing health foods	36.73	36.73	36.73	Note 1
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI HK LIMITED	Trading health foods and cosmetics	100	100	100	Note 1
TCI FIRSTEK CORP.	SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	Wholesale of health foods, cosmetics and chemical productions; cosmetics manufacturing	100	100	100	Note 2
GENE & NEXT INC.	GLUX HK LIMITED	Trading health foods and cosmetics	100	100	100	Note 2
SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOSCIENCE CO., LTD.	Wholesale of health foods, cosmetics and chemical productions; cosmetics manufacturing	100	100	100	Note 3
SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOCOSME CO., LTD.	Producing cosmetics	100	100	100	Note 3

Ownership (%) Name of Name of Main business September December September investor subsidiary activities 30, 2021 31, 2020 30, 2020 Description **SHANGHAI SHANGHAI Producing** BIOSCIENCE BIOFUNCTION health foods 63.27 63.27 63.27 Note 1 CO., LTD. CO., LTD. TCI CO., TCI BIOTECH Trading health LTD. LLC foods and 100 100 100 Note 1 cosmetics TCI TCI BIOTECH Trading health Note 1 **BIOTECH** USA LLC. foods and 100 Note 8 LLC. cosmetics TCI CO., BIOCOSME CO., Trading health LTD. LTD. foods and 100 100 100 Note 1 cosmetics **GENE &** TCI LIVING Trading health NEXT INC. CO., LTD. foods and 79.31 79.31 79.31 Note 2 cosmetics TCI LIVING **BIO DYNAMIC** Trading health Note 3 CO., LTD. LABORATORIES foods and 100 100 Note 4 INC. cosmetics Note 7 SBI GROUP HK TCI LIVING Trading health Note 3 CO., LTD. foods and LIMITED 100 100 100 Note 4 cosmetics TCI CO., TCI JAPAN CO.. Trading health LTD. LTD. foods and 100 100 100 Note 1 cosmetics TCI CO., PT TCI BIOTEK Trading health Note 1 LTD. **INDO** foods and 100 100 100 Note 8 cosmetics **SHANGHAI SHANGHAI** Research and BIOSCIENCE BIOTECH GENE development of 100 100 100 Note 3 CO., LTD. biotechnology **TECHNOLOGY** and genetics CO., LTD. TCI CO., TCI BIOTECH Trading health LTD. **NETHERLANDS** foods and 100 100 100 Note 1 B.V. cosmetics TCI LIVING TCI LIVING Trading health Note 3 CO., LTD. SHANGHAI CO.. foods and 100 100 100 Note 5 LTD. cosmetics TCI CO., **OUANTUM** Research and Note 1 BIOLOGY INC. LTD. development of 100 100 Note 6

biotechnology

Name of	Name of	Main business	September	December	September	
investor	subsidiary	activities	30, 2021	31, 2020	30, 2020	Description
TCI CO., LTD.	MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	Research and development, producing and sales of biotechnology and cosmetics	22.83	-	-	Note 9
MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	Maxigen Boitech International Investment Corporation Limited	Reinvestment business	100	-	-	Note 9
MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	HORAY INC.	Trading cosmetics and packaging materials	100	-	-	Note 9
Maxigen Boitech International Investment Corporation Limited	Pinestone Trading (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd.	Trading cosmetics and packaging materials	100	-	-	Note 9

- Note 1: The Group holds more than 50% of the equity shares of this company.
- Note 2: Subsidiary company holds more than 50% equity shares of this company.
- Note 3: Subsidiary company indirectly holds more than 50% of equity shares of this company.
- Note 4: BIO DYNAMIC LABORATORIES INC. and SBI GROUP HK LIMITED were 100% held by SBI CO., LTD. before the share transfer transaction.
- Note 5: The second-tier subsidiary, TCI LIVING CO., LTD., resolved to set up TCI LIVING SHANGHAI CO., LTD. and the establishment was completed on July 10, 2020.
- Note 6:The Board of Directors during its meeting on October 28, 2020 resolved to invest and set up QUANTUM BIOLOGY INC. and was established on November 23, 2020.
- Note 7: BIO DYNAMIC LABORATORIES INC. was in the process of liquidation and dissolution on November 2, 2019 and had returned the remaining share capital on March 17, 2021.
- Note 8: There was no capital injection as of September 30, 2021.
- Note 9: The Group has obtained control over the company on July 12, 2021, and the company was included in the consolidated financial statements. Details are provided in Note 6(32).
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

#### E. Significant restrictions:

Cash and short-term deposits of \$3,034,023 deposited in mainland China are under local foreign exchange control which restricts the capital to be remitted outside the borders (except for normal dividend distribution).

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

Information on subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group is as follows:

			Non-controlling interests								
			September	30, 2021		September	30, 2020				
	Principal										
Name of	place of			Ownership			Ownership				
subsidiary	business		Amount	(%)		Amount	(%)				
GENE & NEXT INC.	Taiwan	\$	114,948	38.81	\$	79,382	38.81				
MAXIGEN BIOTECH	Taiwan	Φ	910,150	77.17	Φ						
INC. (Note)	1 aiwaii	Ф	910,130	//.1/	ψ	-	-				

Note 1: The Group obtained control over the subsidiary on July 12, 2021.

Note 2: The Group's subsidiary - MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC. raised capital amounting to \$247,350 by issuing 7,534 thousand ordinary shares through private placement at an issuance price of \$32.83 (in dollars) per share with the effective date set on August 6, 2021. As a result, the Group's non-controlling interest increased by \$247,350.

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

Balance sheets

		GENE & N	NEXT IN	C.	
	September 30, 2021			nber 30, 2020	
Current assets	\$	308,160	\$	174,968	
Non-current assets		76,081		61,146	
Current liabilities	(	89,567)	(	31,571)	
Total net assets	\$	294,674	\$	204,543	
	MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC				
	Septer	mber 30, 2021	Septen	nber 30, 2020	
Current assets	\$	730,010	\$	-	
Non-current assets		511,488		-	
Current liabilities	(	108,240)		-	
Non-current liabilities	(	7,993)			
Total net assets	\$	1,125,265	\$		

## Statements of comprehensive income

	GENE & NEXT INC.						
	Thre	e-month periods	ended S	September 30,			
		2021		2020			
Revenue	\$	150,412	\$	39,414			
Profit before income tax		71,100		24,416			
Income tax expense	(	15,094)	(	5,021)			
Profit for the period		56,006		19,395			
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(	14)		31			
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	55,992	\$	19,426			
Comprehensive income attributable to							
non-controlling interest	\$	21,730	\$	7,539			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$	-	\$				
		GENE & N	VEXT I	NC.			
	Nine	e-month periods	ended S	September 30,			
		2021		2020			
Revenue	\$	247,099	\$	80,382			
Profit before income tax		107,179		43,943			
Income tax expense	(	23,273)	(	11,464)			
Profit for the period		83,906		32,479			
Other comprehensive gain (loss), net of tax		1,390	(	108)			
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	85,296	\$	32,371			
Comprehensive income attributable to non-	-						
controlling interest	\$	33,103	\$	12,563			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$		\$				
		MAXIGEN B	IOTEC:	H INC.			
	Thre	e-month periods	ended S	September 30,			
		2021		2020			
Revenue	\$	138,566	\$				
Profit before income tax		33,076		-			
Income tax expenses	(	2,197)		-			
Profit for the period from continuing operations		30,879		-			
Loss for the period from discontinued operations		-		-			
Profit for the period		30,879		_			
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	\$	1	\$	_			
Total comprehensive income	\$	30,880	\$				
Comprehensive income attributable to non-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
controlling interest	\$	17,976	\$				
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$	43,420	\$				

	1	MAXIGEN B	N BIOTECH INC.			
	Nine-n	nonth periods	ended September 30,			
		2021		2020		
Revenue	\$	370,649	\$	-		
Profit before income tax		80,901				
Income tax expenses	(	7,012)		-		
Profit for the period from continuing operations		73,889		-		
Loss for the period from discontinued operations		66		-		
Profit for the period		73,955		-		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	\$		\$			
Total comprehensive income	\$	73,955	\$	_		
Comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interest	\$	17,976	\$			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interest	\$	43,420	\$	_		
Statements of cash flows		CENTE 0 N	ieve i	NG.		
		GENE & N				
		nonth periods	ended S			
		2021		2020		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	30,773	(\$	9,728)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,390	(	108)		
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		32,163	(	9,836)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		131,148		113,366		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	163,311	\$	103,530		
•	1	MAXIGEN B	IOTECI	H INC.		
	Nine-n	nonth periods	ended S	eptember 30,		
		2021		2020		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	71,676	\$	_		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(	24,663)		-		
Net cash provided by financing activities		189,277		-		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		67				
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		236,357		<u> </u>		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		209,762		<u>-</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	446,119	\$			

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars (NTD), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settle within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settle within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

## (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

## (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

#### (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
  - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
  - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

#### (9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### (11) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (12) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Group has not retained control of the financial asset.

#### (13) <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (14) <u>Investments accounted for using equity method / associates</u>

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant

assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

#### (15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures  $3 \sim 50$  years Machinery and equipment  $2 \sim 10$  years Office equipment  $1 \sim 16$  years Others  $1 \sim 10$  years

#### (16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee)-right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
  - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
  - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the

amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability; and
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

#### (17) <u>Intangible assets</u>

#### A. Trademarks and royalties

Separately acquired trademarks and royalties are stated at historical cost. Trademarks and licences acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks and royalties have a finite useful life and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 10 years.

#### B. Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 10 years.

#### C. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

#### (18) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

- A. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.
- B. The recoverable amounts of goodwill, intangible assets with an indefinite useful life and intangible assets that have not yet been available for use are evaluated periodically. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss of goodwill previously recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed in the following years.

C. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that is/are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

#### (19) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Notes and accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (21) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities are designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition. Financial liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are designated as at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition:
  - (a) Hybrid (combined) contracts; or
  - (b) They eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
  - (c) They are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management policy.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

#### (22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.

- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

### (23) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (24) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (25) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is

calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.

ii.Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

#### C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Group recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as
expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive
obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved
amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (26) Employee share-based payment

A. For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

#### B. Restricted stocks:

- (a) Restricted stocks issued to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period.
- (b) For restricted stocks where those stocks do not restrict distribution of dividends to employees but employees must return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period, and the Group recognises the fair value of the dividends received by the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as compensation cost at the date of dividends

declared.

(c) For restricted stocks where employees have to pay to acquire those stocks, if employees resign during the vesting period, they must return the stocks to the Group and the Group must refund their payments on the stocks, the Group recognises the payments from the employees who are expected to resign during the vesting period as liabilities at the grant date, and recognises the payments from the employees who are expected to be eventually vested with the stocks in 'capital surplus – others'.

#### (27) <u>Income tax</u>

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by

the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (28) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is deducted from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (29) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (30) Revenue recognition

- A. The Group manufactures and sells health foods and cosmetics products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer who has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. The products are often sold with price break based on aggregate sales. Revenue from these sales

is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated price break. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the price break, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected price break payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period.

#### (31) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received.

#### (32) <u>Business combinations</u>

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

#### (33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

## 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates

concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such ssumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

## (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of September 30, 2021, the carrying amount of inventories was \$822,165.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Septen	nber 30, 2021	December	31, 2020	Septemb	er 30, 2020
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	16,372	\$	7,731	\$	4,323
Checking accounts and demand deposits		5,102,151	4	1,790,386		2,391,890
Time deposits		1,318,015		455,047		2,279,909
		6,436,538	4	5,253,164		4,676,122
Less: Shown as 'current financial assets at						
amortised cost'	(	659,675)	(	235,850)	(	230,450)
Less: Shown as 'current financial assets at						
amortised cost - pledged'	(	12,915)	(	159,953)	(	85,309)
Less: Shown as 'non-current financial						
assets at amortised cost - pledged'	(	763,065)		-		-
Less: Shown as 'other non-current assets						
- pledged'	(	500)	(	1,000)	(	1,000)
	\$	5,000,383	\$ 4	1,856,361	\$	4,359,363

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, the Group recognised time deposits with maturity over 3 months of \$672,590, \$395,803 and \$315,759, respectively, and shown as 'current financial assets at amortised cost'.
- C. As of September 30, 2021, the bank deposits amounting to \$763,065, were restricted due to the regulation governing the management, utilization, and taxation of repatriated offshore funds

reserved in special account, have been transferred to 'non-current financial assets at amortised cost'.

D. Details of the Group's cash and cash equivalents pledged to others are provided in Note 8.

### (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Septer	mber 30, 2021	Decer	mber 31, 2020	Septen	nber 30, 2020
Financial assets - current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value through						
profit or loss						
Listed stocks	\$	144,125	\$	134,893	\$	28,076
Valuation adjustment	(	14,534)		509	(	1,118)
	\$	129,591	\$	135,402	\$	26,958

A. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral. The Group has recognised net gains (losses) on investment of equity instrument amounting to (\$3,006), (\$1,118), \$35,837 and (\$1,118) for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

#### (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Septem	September 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		September 30, 2020	
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
Listed stocks	\$	12,604	\$	12,604	\$	12,604	
Unlisted stocks		27,055		24,820		24,820	
		39,659		37,424		37,424	
Valuation adjustment	(	11,576)	(	11,576)	(	11,576)	
	\$	28,083	\$	25,848	\$	25,848	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$28,082, \$25,848 and \$25,848 as at September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, respectively.
- B. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group amounted to \$28,083, \$25,848 and \$25,848, respectively.
- C. The Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were not pledge to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Septer	September 30, 2021		mber 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	
Current items:						
Time deposits	\$	672,590	\$	395,803	\$	315,759
Non-current items:						
Restricted bank deposits	\$	763,065	\$		\$	_

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

Three-month periods ended September 30,						
	2021		2020			
\$	3,659	\$ 1,5				
N	ended September 30,					
	2021		2020			
\$	1,970	\$		4,786		
	\$	2021 \$ 3,659 Nine-month periods 2021	\$\frac{2021}{\$\\$ 3,659} \frac{\\$}{\\$ Nine-month periods ended Society 2021	\$ 3,659 \$  Nine-month periods ended September 30,  2021 2020		

B. As at September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group was \$1,435,655, \$395,803 and \$315,879, respectively.

Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Septe	ember 30, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Septer	mber 30, 2020
Notes receivable	\$	48,528	\$	15,669	\$	23,741
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts						_
	\$	48,528	\$	15,669	\$	23,741
Accounts receivable	\$	1,204,558	\$	654,036	\$	725,637
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(	37,216)	(	34,192)	(	55,537)
	\$	1,167,342	\$	619,844	\$	670,100

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Septer	<u>September 30, 2021</u> I		nber 31, 2020	<u>September 30, 2020</u>		
Not past due	\$	908,893	\$	546,238	\$	549,647	
Up to 30 days		262,361		33,945		97,845	
31 to 90 days		26,416		51,289		33,652	
Over 90 days		18,200		4,041		12,697	
	\$	1,215,870	\$	635,513	\$	693,841	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, without taking into

account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable amounted to \$48,528, \$15,669 and \$23,741; \$1,167,342, \$619,844 and \$670,100, respectively.

C. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (6) <u>Inventories</u>

·/ <del></del>	September 30, 2021						
	 Cost		Allowance for valuation loss	Book value			
Raw materials	\$ 580,603	(\$	27,746)	\$	552,857		
Work in progress	56,133	(	2,008)		54,125		
Finished goods	231,184	(	16,811)		214,373		
Inventory in transit	 810				810		
	\$ 868,730	( <u>\$</u>	46,565)	\$	822,165		
		D	ecember 31, 2020				
			Allowance for				
	Cost		valuation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$ 443,170	(\$	19,592)	\$	423,578		
Work in progress	28,827	(	175)		28,652		
Finished goods	 213,389	(	16,375)		197,014		
	\$ 685,386	( <u>\$</u>	36,142)	\$	649,244		
		Se	eptember 30, 2020				
			Allowance for				
	Cost		valuation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$ 512,949	(\$	19,577)	\$	493,372		
Work in progress	9,930	(	170)		9,760		
Finished goods	 225,415	(	16,802)		208,613		
-	\$ 748,294	(\$	36,549)	\$	711,745		
		`—		_			

- A. The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, was \$1,344,428, \$1,176,502, \$3,757,126 and \$3,424,206, respectively, including the amounts of \$11,527, \$1,456, \$38,143 and (\$7,544), respectively, the Group wrote down from cost to net realisable value accounted for as cost of goods sold.
- B. The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold as these inventories which had been written down from cost to its net realisable value were subsequently sold during the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

# (7) Prepayments

	Septer	mber 30, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020	September 30, 2020		
Prepaid expenses	\$	140,035	\$	79,342	\$	92,700	
Prepayments to suppliers		120,037		61,761		120,524	
Excess business tax paid							
(or Net Input VAT)		59,464		33,651		45,856	
	\$	319,536	\$	174,754	\$	259,080	

# (8) Investments accounted for using equity method

		2021	2020
At January 1		\$ 1,900	\$ -
Addition of investments accounted for using equity method		\$ 531,358	
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method (Note)		(\$ 531,358)	
Share of profit of investments accounted for using equity method		633	
At September 30		\$ 2,533	\$ -
	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020
Associates	\$ 2,533	\$ 1,900	\$ -

Note: The Group has obtained control over the company on July 12, 2021, and the company was included in the consolidated financial statements. Details are provided in Note 6(32).

# (9) Property, plant and equipment

9) i roperty, piant and ce	<u>laibii</u>	<u>HCHt</u>												
			В	Buildings and				Office			Un	finished		
	L	and	S	tructures	_1	Machinery	ec	<u>quipment</u>		Others	con	struction		Total
At January 1, 2021														
Cost	\$ 6	63,801	\$	2,060,416	\$	1,340,350	\$	260,831	\$	378,397	\$	_	\$	4,703,795
Accumulated depreciation		-	(	198,313)	(	460,202)	(	100,457) (		230,633)		-	(	989,605)
•	\$ 6	63,801	\$	1,862,103	\$	880,148	\$	160,374	\$	147,764	\$	_	\$	3,714,190
<u>2021</u>														
At January 1	\$ 6	63,801	\$	1,862,103	\$	880,148	\$	160,374	\$	147,764	\$	-	\$	3,714,190
Additions		-		4,159		23,861		7,728		9,351		4,210		49,309
Disposals		-		-	(	1,935)	(	1) (		14)		-	(	1,950)
Acquired from business														
combinations	1	33,225		251,377		41,103		7,317		3,433		25,004		461,459
Reclassifications		4,190		15,827		308,970		156,527		39,123	(	1,752)		522,885
Depreciation charge		-	(	56,412)	(	157,697)	(	33,457) (		43,818)		-	(	291,384)
Net exchange differences			(	5,414)	(	1,073)	(	2,801) (	_	1,905)		_	(	11,193)
At September 30	\$ 8	01,216	\$	2,071,640	\$	1,093,377	\$	295,687	\$	153,934	\$	27,462	\$	4,443,316
At September 30, 2021														
Cost	\$ 8	01,216	\$	2,375,606	\$	1,783,729	\$	456,526	\$	401,975	\$	27,468	\$	5,846,520
Accumulated depreciation	<b>+</b> 0	-	(	303,966)	(	690,352)	(	161,711) (	,	247,175)	7	,	(	1,403,204)
	\$ 8	01,216	\$	2,071,640	\$	1,093,377	\$		\$	154,800	\$	27,468	\$	4,443,316

		<b>Buildings</b> and	Buildings and Office					
	Land	structures N	Machinery ed	quipment	Others	Total		
At January 1, 2020								
Cost	\$ 499,649	\$ 1,170,229 \$	986,525 \$	217,590 \$	321,390 \$	3,195,383		
Accumulated depreciation	-	( 140,710) (	313,740) (	78,279) (	174,215) (	706,944)		
•	\$ 499,649	\$ 1,029,519 \$	672,785 \$	139,311 \$	147,175 \$	2,488,439		
2020								
At January 1	\$ 499,649	\$ 1,029,519 \$	672,785 \$	139,311 \$	147,175 \$	2,488,439		
Additions	-	572	8,280	2,055	10,626	21,533		
Disposals	-	- (	241) (	109) (	8) (	358)		
Reclassifications	164,152	817,544	231,941	10,500	37,226	1,261,363		
Depreciation charge	-	( 40,823) (	105,849) (	16,426) (	41,093) (	204,191)		
Net exchange differences		(3,228) (	1,639) (	89) (	409) (	5,365)		
At September 30	\$ 663,801	\$ 1,803,584 \$	805,277 \$	135,242 \$	153,517 \$	3,561,421		
At Contombon 20, 2020								
At September 30, 2020	Φ ((2.001	1.004.705 ф	1 224 402	220.025	267.224	4 460 120		
Cost	\$ 663,801	1,984,795 \$	1,224,483 \$	228,835 \$	367,224 \$	4,469,138		
Accumulated depreciation		(181,211) (	419,206) (	93,593) (	213,707) (	907,717)		
	\$ 663,801	\$ 1,803,584 \$	805,277 \$	135,242 \$	153,517 \$	3,561,421		

Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral is provided in Note 8.

## (10) <u>Leasing arrangements-lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings and business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 15 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Septen	September 30, 2021 I		nber 31, 2020	September 30, 2020		
	Carr	ying amount	Carry	ying amount	Carr	ying amount	
Land	\$	27,748	\$	28,726	\$	28,184	
Buildings		74,030		83,636		91,901	
Transportation equipment							
(Business vehicles)		38		664		1,159	
	\$	101,816	\$	113,026	\$	121,244	
			Three-	month periods	ended S	September 30,	
				2021		2020	
			Deprec	ciation charge	Depre	ciation charge	
Land			\$	168	\$	167	
Buildings				8,105		8,538	
Transportation equipment							
Transportation equipment (Business vehicles)				209		267	

	Nine-month periods ended September 30,								
		2021		2020					
Land	Depreci	Depreciation charge							
	\$	509	\$	500					
Buildings		23,364		28,513					
Transportation equipment									
(Business vehicles)		626		800					
	\$	24,499	\$	29,813					

- C. In March 2013, the Group signed a land use right contract with Shanghai Municipal Planning, Land and Resources Administration for use of the land in Jinshan District, Shanghai City with a term of 50 years. All rentals had been paid on the contract date.
- D. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the additions to right-of-use assets amounted to \$7,750, \$43,527, \$7,750 and \$44,723, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Thr	Three-month periods ended September 30,							
		2021	2020						
Items affecting profit or loss									
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	334	\$	231					
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	13,243	\$	6,231					
Expense on leases of low-value assets	\$	384	\$	3,109					
Gain or loss on lease modification	\$		\$	_					
	Nine-month periods ended September 30,								
	2021			2020					
Items affecting profit or loss									
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	971	\$	853					
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	35,042	\$	25,086					
Expense on leases of low-value assets	\$	2,411	\$	8,114					
Gain or loss on lease modification	\$	44	\$	-					

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$23,428, \$18,339, \$63,568 and \$63,270, respectively.

## (11) Investment property

	 2021									
		В	uildings and							
	 Land		structures		Total					
At January 1										
Cost	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-					
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>					
-	\$ _	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_					
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_					
Acquired from business combinations	7,949		926		8,875					
Depreciation charge	 	(	8)	(	8)					
Closing net book amount										
as at September 30	\$ 7,949	\$	918	\$	8,867					
At September 30										
Cost	\$ 7,949	\$	926	\$	8,875					
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	<u>-</u>	(	8)	(	8)					
•	\$ 7,949	\$	918	\$	8,867					

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	T	ree-month periods	ended	d September 30,			
		2021		2020			
Rental income from investment property	\$	143	\$	-			
Direct operating expenses arising from							
the investment property that generated							
rental income during the period	\$	8	\$				
	Nine-month periods ended September 30,						
		2021		2020			
Rental income from investment property	\$	143	\$	-			
Direct operating expenses arising from							
the investment property that generated							
rental income during the period	\$	8	\$	_			

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at September 30, 2021 was \$20,843, which was valued based on the average transaction price in local area, and was categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

# (12) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	Goodwill	Tra	demarks	S	oftware	R	oyalty		Others		Total
At January 1, 2021											
Cost	\$ 1,468	\$	4,860	\$	41,199	\$	2,600	\$	6,611	\$	56,738
Accumulated amortisation	-	- (	552)	(	28,571)	(	968)	(	4,408)	(	34,499)
	\$ 1,468	<u>\$</u>	4,308	\$	12,628	\$	1,632	\$	2,203	\$	22,239
<u>2021</u>											
At January 1	\$ 1,468	\$	4,308	\$	12,628	\$	1,632	\$	2,203	\$	22,239
Additions—											
acquired separately		-	-		2,577		_		-		2,577
Acquired from business	427 123	7	340		738				488		428,693
combinations Transfers	427,127	_	340		6,399		_		400		6,399
Amortisation charge		- (	412)	(	6,992)	(	188)	(	1,692)	(	9,284)
Net exchange differences		- (	2)	(	-	(	-		-	(	2)
At September 30	\$ 428,595	<u> </u>	4,234	\$	15,350	\$	1,444	\$	999	\$	450,622
	<u>·</u>	<u> </u>									
At September 30, 2021											
Cost	\$ 428,595	5 \$	6,275	\$	40,867	\$	7,400	\$	15,075	\$	498,212
Accumulated amortisation		- (	2,041)	(	25,517)	(	5,956)	(	14,076)	(	47,590)
	\$ 428,595	5 \$	4,234	\$	15,350	\$	1,444	\$	999	\$	450,622
										_	
	Goodwill	Tra	demarks	S	oftware	R	oyalty		Others		Total
At January 1, 2020											_
Cost	\$ 1,468	3 \$	4,855	\$	38,206	\$	2,750	\$	6,611	\$	53,890
Accumulated amortisation		- (	4)	(	19,618)	(	868)	(	2,204)	(	22,694)
	\$ 1,468	\$	4,851	\$	18,588	\$	1,882	\$	4,407	\$	31,196
<u>2020</u>			_		_						
At January 1	\$ 1,468	3 \$	4,851	\$	18,588	\$	1,882	\$	4,407	\$	31,196
Additions—											
acquired separately		-	-		7,078		-		-		7,078
Amortisation charge		- (	419)	(	10,717)	(	188)	(	1,653)	(	12,977)
Net exchange differences		· (	2)		-			_		(	2)
At September 30	\$ 1,468	<u>\$</u>	4,430	\$	14,949	\$	1,694	\$	2,754	\$	25,295
A. G 1											
At September 30, 2020	φ 4.55		4.053	Φ.	40.420	¢.	2 (00	Φ.		Φ.	55.050
Cost	\$ 1,468	3 \$	4,853	\$	40,420	\$	2,600	\$	6,611	\$	55,952 30,657)
Accumulated amortisation	¢ 1 160	<u> </u>	423)	( <u> </u>	25,471)	(	906)	( <u> </u>	3,857)	(	30,657)
	\$ 1,468	<u>\$</u>	4,430	\$	14,949	\$	1,694	<u>\$</u>	2,754	<u>\$</u>	25,295

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	Three-month periods ended September 30,									
		2021				20	020			
Overhead	\$			141	\$		_			
Selling expenses				608			829			
Administrative expenses				2,222			3,198			
Research and development										
expenses				201			630			
	\$			3,172	\$		4,657			
		Nine-mon	th p	eriods	ended Sept	emb	er 30,			
		2021				2020				
Overhead	\$			572	\$		160			
Selling expenses				1,986			2,405			
Administrative expenses				6,126			8,493			
Research and development										
expenses				600			1,919			
	\$			9,284	\$		12,977			
(13) Other non-current assets										
	Canta	mh ar 20, 2021	Da	<b></b>	m 21 2020	Com	stambar 20, 2020			
	Septer	mber 30, 2021	De	cembe	r 31, 2020	sep	otember 30, 2020			
Prepayments for construction	¢	004656	ф		1 010 177	ф	1 114 224			
business facilities	\$	904,656	\$		1,012,177	\$	1,114,334			
Guarantee deposits paid		38,957 500			39,880		38,291			
Pledged deposit  Net defined benefit asset		2,629			1,000		1,000			
		39,834			29,985		21,905			
Other non-current assets	\$	986,576	\$		1,083,042	Φ.				
	φ	980,370	Φ		1,065,042	<u>\$</u>	1,175,530			
(14) Short-term borrowings										
Type of borrowings	Septe	ember 30, 2021		Inter	est rate ran	ge	Collateral			
Bank borrowings										
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,346,0	15	0.5	5%~3.48%	)	None			
Ç										
Type of borrowings	<u>Dece</u>	mber 31, 2020		Inter	est rate ran	ge	Collateral			
Bank borrowings										
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,076,3	34	0.5	8%~2.80%	)	None			
Type of borrowings	Sente	ember 30, 2020	)	Inter	est rate ran	ge	Collateral			
Bank borrowings	~~~					<u>0-</u>				
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,075,2	30	0.5	9%~0.88%	)	None			
Chiscoured bollowings	<del>*</del>	1,070,2		0.5	2 /C 0.00 /C		1,0110			

Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$2,604, \$3,816, \$8,344 and \$7,455 for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

## (15) Other payables

	Septe	ember 30, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	September 30, 2020		
Dividends payables	\$	1,040,755	\$	-	\$	-	
Salaries and bonuses payable		260,156		366,633		347,054	
Employee bonus payable		386,144		281,081		220,860	
Payable on machinery and equipment		40,202		29,873		48,900	
Tax payables		20,588		10,165		17,231	
Other payables		247,606		167,405		167,662	
	\$	1,995,451	\$	855,157	\$	801,707	
(16) Bonds payable							
	Septe	ember 30, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Septe	mber 30, 2020	
Bonds payable	\$	-	\$	435,400	\$	435,400	
Less: Discount on bonds payable			(	1,132)	(	1,853)	
		-		434,268		433,547	
Less: Current portion or exercise of put options		<u>-</u>	(	434,268)	(	433,547)	
	\$		\$		\$	_	

The issuance of second domestic convertible bonds by the Company in the year 2018:

- A. The terms of the second domestic unsecured convertible bonds issued are as follows:
  - (a) The Company issued \$1,200,000, 0% second domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (June 8, 2018 ~ June 8, 2021) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on June 8, 2018.
  - (b) The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue before the maturity date, except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
  - (c) The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds, and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the reset conversion price shall not be less than 80% of the conversion price set on the issue date.
  - (d) The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 1.015075% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.

- (e) The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date, or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue to 40 days before the maturity date.
- (f) Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- B. For the three-month period ended September 30, 2021, the bonds totaling \$200 (face value) had been converted into 601 shares of common stock.
- C. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the equity conversion options amounting to \$24,360 were separated from the liability component and were recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' in accordance with IAS 32. The call options and put options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts and were recognised in 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount of \$720 in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rate of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.6654%.

#### (17) Pensions

- A.(a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions for the deficit by next March.
  - (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Group recognised pension costs of both (\$4) for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering

- all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Group's mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were all 16%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- C. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$12,499, \$6,773, \$32,859 and \$23,400, respectively.

## (18) Share-based payment

A. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

	Issuance	Quantity	Contract	
Type of arrangement	date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2016.07.01	2,000	6 years	Employees with 2 service
				years are entitled to 30%
				Employees with 3 service
				years are entitled to 60%
				Employees with 4 service
				years are entitled to 100%
Restricted stocks to employees	2016.07.20	600	3 years	Employees with 1 service year are entitled to 33%
				Employees with 2 service
				years are entitled to 66%
				Employees with 3 service
				years are entitled to 100%
				Operating revenue growth rate
				30% (year)
				Maintaining profit rate after
				tax above 10%
				Earnings per share exceeds
				\$3.0 (including \$3.0)
Employee stock options	2018.05.15	2,000	6 years	Employees with 2 service
				years are entitled to 40%
				Employees with 3 service
				years are entitled to 80%
				Employees with 4 service
<b></b>				years are entitled to 100%
Restricted stocks to employees	2019.09.30	900	3 years	Employees with 1 service year are entitled to 33%
				Employees with 2 service
				years are entitled to 66%
				Employees with 3 service
				years are entitled to 100%
				Profit rate before tax in the
				previous financial statements is
				no less than 20%

The restricted stocks issued by the Company cannot be transferred during the vesting period, but voting right and dividend right are not restricted on these stocks. Employees are required to return the stocks but not required to return the dividends received if they resign during the vesting period. The share-based payment arrangements above are settled by equity.

## B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

	Ni	tember 30,		
		2021		2020
	No. of options	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	No. of options	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	49	\$ 100	718	\$ 100
Options expired	-	-	( 44)	100
Options exercised	(23)		(577)	100
Options outstanding at the end of the period	<u>26</u>	\$ 100	97	\$ 100
Options exercisable at the end of the period	26	\$ 100	97	\$ 100
	Ni	ne-months periods	s ended Sept	tember 30,
		2021		2020
		Weighted-average	<del></del>	Weighted-average
	No. of	exercise price	No. of	exercise price
	options	(in dollars)	options	(in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	1,692	\$ 448	1,827	\$ 448
Options expired	(370)		(104)	448
Options outstanding at the end of the period	1,322	\$ 448	1,723	\$ 448
Options exercisable at the end of the period	347	\$ 448	721	\$ 448

- C. The weighted-average stock price of stock options at exercise dates for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$270.24 (in dollars), \$293.33 (in dollars), \$240.27 (in dollars) and \$257.05 (in dollars), respectively.
- D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		September 30, 2021			December 3	31,	2020	September 30, 2020		
		No. of	E	xercise	No. of	E	xercise	No. of	E	xercise
Issue date	Expiry	shares		price	shares		price	shares		price
approved	date	(in thousands)	(in	dollars)	(in thousands)	(in	dollars)	(in thousands)	(in	dollars)
2016.07.012	2022.06.30	26	\$	100	49	\$	100	97	\$	100
2018.05.152	2024.05.14	1,322		448	1,692		448	1,723		448

E. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

							Expected			
			Stock	E	xercise	Expected	option		Risk-free	Fair value
Type of	Issuance		price		price	price	life	Expected	interest	per unit
arrangement	date	(in	dollars)	(in	dollars)	volatility (%)	(year)	dividends	rate(%)	(in dollars)
Employee stock options	2016.07.01	\$	145.50	\$	100	41.92~ 44.63	0.75	-	0.605~ 0.719	\$ 41.55~ 45.10
Restricted										
stocks to employee	2016.07.20	\$	139.00	\$	10	32.73	-	-	0.52	\$ 111.65
Employee stock options	2018.05.15	\$	440.00	\$	448	26.10~ 30.25	2.62	-	0.5636~ 0.6814	\$ 63.16~ 106.15
Restricted stocks to employee	2019.09.30	\$	282.00	\$	10	-	-	-	-	\$ 272
Employee stock options	2021.7.31	\$	10.00	\$	20	16.93	2.33	-	0.15	\$ 26.56

Note: Expected price volatility rate was estimated by using the stock prices of the most recent period with length of this period approximate to the length of the stock options' expected life, and the standard deviation of return on the stock during this period.

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Three-month periods ended September 30,					
		2020				
Equity-settled	\$	6,495	\$	30,432		
	Nine-n	Nine-month periods				
		2021		2020		
Equity-settled	\$	19,483	\$	91,295		

G. On June 26, 2019, the Company issued 900 thousand shares of employee restricted ordinary shares as approved by the regulatory authority. The exercise price is \$10 (in dollars) per share and the fair value is determined based on the closing price of \$282 (in dollars) at the grant date less the exercise price of \$10 (in dollars). The information relating to the restrictions on the shareholder's right is provided in the aforementioned details. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of these shares issued are the same as other issued ordinary shares.

#### (19) Share capital

A. As of September 30, 2021, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, and the paid-in capital was \$1,182,399, with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Share in thousands)

	2021	
Private placement	Unrestricted	
of ordinary share	shares	Total
-	118,220	118,220
-	1	1
-	23	23
_ (	4) (	4)
	118,240	118,240
	2020	
Private placement	Unrestricted	
of ordinary share	shares	Total
-	119,617	119,617
- (	16) (	16)
	2,000) (	2,000)
<u> </u>	117,601	117,601
	of ordinary share	Private placement of ordinary share  - 118,220 - 1 - 23  - ( 4) ( 118,240  Private placement of ordinary share  - 2020  Private placement of ordinary share - 119,617  - ( 16) ( 2,000) (

#### B. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows:

		September 30, 2021			
Name of company		Number of	Carrying		
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	shares	amount		
The Company	To be reissued to employees	532,000	\$ 118,787		
		December	31, 2020		
Name of company		Number of	Carrying		
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	shares	amount		
The Company	To be reissued to employees	1,016,000	\$ 226,857		
		September	r 30, 2020		
Name of company		Number of	Carrying		
holding the shares	Reason for reacquisition	shares	amount		
The Company	To be reissued to employees	1,016,000	\$ 226,857		

- (b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realised capital surplus.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- C. To enhance the Company's credit rating and the stockholders' equity, on February 6, 2020, the

Board of Directors of the Company during their meeting resolved to proceed with repurchasing of its own shares from the over-the-counter market in the amount of 2 million shares within 2 months from the reported date. On April 30, 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to retire all the repurchased shares. As of September 30, 2021, all the repurchased shares have been retired.

D. To be reissued to employees, on March 23, 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company during their meeting resolved to proceed with repurchasing of its own shares from the over-the-counter market in the amount of 3 million shares within 2 months from the reported date. Treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within three years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the five-year period are to be retired. As of September 30, 2021, the Company has repurchased 1,016 thousand shares, considering the efficiency of capital utilisation and the employees' willingness to subscribe for the shares, the Company will not repurchase more shares.

## (20) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

## (21) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. The Company's dividend policy is summarised below: as the Company operates in a volatile business environment and is in the stable growth stage, the residual dividend policy is adopted taking into consideration the Company's financial structure, operating results and future expansion plans, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed. However, if the Company has sufficient retained earnings and capital, the Company may increase cash dividends in proportion to total dividends.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

#### D. Special reserve

(a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit

- balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- E. On June 18, 2020, the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting approved the distribution of dividends from the 2019 earnings in the amount of \$1,040,622, with cash dividends of \$8.88 (in dollars) per share. On July 7, 2021, the stockholders of the Company approved the distribution of dividends from the 2020 earnings in the amount of \$1,040,755, with cash dividends of \$8.84 (in dollars) per share.

## (22) Other equity items

	Ur	realised		Unearned	
	gair	ns (losses)	Currency	employee	
	on	valuation	translation	compensation	Total
At January 1	(\$	11,576) (\$	233,124)	(\$ 12,369)	(\$ 257,069)
Currency translation differences		- (	87,293)	-	( 87,293)
Compensation cost of				0.277	0.277
share—based payments	(\$	11,576) (\$	320,417)	9,277 (\$ 3,092)	9,277 (\$ 335,085)
At September 30	( <u>\$</u>	11,370) (\$	320,417)	(\$ 3,092)	(\$ 333,063)
			20	)20	
	— Ur	nrealised	20	Unearned	
		nrealised ns (losses)	20 Currency		
	gair			Unearned	Total
At January 1	gair	ns (losses)	Currency	Unearned employee compensation	
At January 1 Currency translation differences	gair on	ns (losses) valuation	Currency translation	Unearned employee compensation	
Currency translation differences Compensation cost of	gair on	ns (losses) valuation	Currency translation 314,133)	Unearned employee compensation (\$ 95,417)	(\$ 421,126) ( 33,709)
Currency translation differences	gair on	ns (losses) valuation	Currency translation 314,133)	Unearned employee compensation	(\$ 421,126) ( 33,709) 62,286

Amounts that the Group recognised in other comprehensive income due to the change in fair value and the amounts that the Group transferred from other equity to profit and loss for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 are all \$0.

## (23) Operating revenue

	Nine-	month periods	endec	d September 30,
		2021		2020
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	6,663,825	\$	6,168,980

## A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following major geographical regions:

Three-month period ended	Europe and			Asia		
September 30, 2021	America region			Pacific region		Total
Segment revenue	\$	640,026	\$	3,018,447	\$	3,658,473
Inter-segment revenue	(	185,911)	(	1,095,146)	(	1,281,057)
Revenue from external						
customer contracts	\$	454,115	\$	1,923,301	\$	2,377,416
Three-month period ended	$\mathbf{E}$	urope and		Asia		
September 30, 2020	An	nerica region	]	Pacific region		Total
Segment revenue	\$	450,046	\$	3,044,719	\$	3,494,765
Inter-segment revenue	(	172,039)	(	1,165,994)	(	1,338,033)
Revenue from external						
customer contracts	\$	278,007	\$	1,878,725	\$	2,156,732
Nine-month period ended	$\mathbf{E}$	urope and		Asia		
September 30, 2021	Am	nerica region		Pacific region		Total
Segment revenue	\$	2,763,542	\$	7,437,326	\$	10,200,868
Inter-segment revenue	(	1,066,229)	(	2,470,814)	(	3,537,043)
Revenue from external						
customer contracts	\$	1,697,313	\$	4,966,512	\$	6,663,825
Nine-month period ended	$\mathbf{E}$	urope and		Asia		
September 30, 2020	Am	nerica region		Pacific region		Total
Segment revenue	\$	844,932	\$	8,980,285	\$	9,825,217
Inter-segment revenue	(	260,288)	(	3,395,949)	(	3,656,237)
Revenue from external						
customer contracts	\$	584,644	\$	5,584,336	\$	6,168,980

Timing of revenue mentioned above is all at a point in time.

## B. Contract assets and liabilities

As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, September 30, 2020 and January 1, 2020, the Group has not recognized any revenue-related contract assets, while the Group has recognized contract liabilities below:

	September	30, 2021	Decemb	ber 31, 2020	Septemb	er 30, 2020	Janu	ary 1, 2020
Contract liabilities								
<ul> <li>advance sales</li> </ul>								
receipts	\$	563,143	\$	653,708	\$	751,299	\$	579,789

(a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period:

	Three	month periods	ended S	eptember 30,
		2021		2020
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period				
Advance sales receipts	\$	8,112	\$	13,864
	Nine-	month periods	ended Se	eptember 30,
		2021		2020
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	<b>.</b>	514040	ф	506.144
Advance sales receipts	\$	514,943	\$	536,444
(24) <u>Interest income</u>	TTI.	.1		5 . 1 . 20
	Thre	e-month period	is ended s	
		2021		2020
Interest income from bank deposits (Note)	\$	21,353	\$	15,024
	Nine	-month periods	s ended S	September 30,
		2021		2020
Interest income from bank deposits (Note)	\$	60,035	\$	23,409

Note: Including interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost.

# (25) Other income

	Three-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021			
Dividend income	\$	3,420	\$	-	
Other income - others		10,515		77,161	
	\$	13,935	\$	77,161	
	Nine-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021		2020	
Dividend income	\$	3,420	\$	-	
Other income - others		67,919		107,710	
	\$	71,339	\$	107,710	

# (26) Other gains and losses

	Three-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021		2020	
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	634	(\$	358)	
Gains on disposal of investments Foreign exchange gains (losses) Losses on financial assets (liabilities)		118,816 4,258	(	7,197)	
at fair value through profit or loss	(	3,006)	(	1,118)	
Miscellaneous disbursements	(	576)	(	134)	
	\$	120,126	(\$	8,807)	
	Nine-	-month periods	ended S	September 30,	
		2021		2020	
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	637	(\$	253)	
Gains on disposal of investments		116,955		-	
Gains arising from lease modifications		44		-	
Foreign exchange (losses) gains	(	12,156)		4,782	
Gains (losses) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss		35,837	(	1,118)	
Miscellaneous disbursements	(	600)	(	757)	
	\$	140,717	\$	2,654	

Gains on disposal of investments include the Group's acquisition of MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC achieved in stages. Please refer to Note 6(32) for the gain recognised at fair value on remeasurement of the shares held prior to control being obtained.

# (27) Finance costs

	Three-month periods ended September 30,				
	2021 2020			2020	
Interest expense					
Bank borrowings	\$	2,604	\$	3,816	
Convertible bonds		-		752	
Leases		334		231	
	\$	2,938	\$	4,799	
	Nine-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021		2020	
Interest expense					
Bank borrowings	\$	8,344	\$	7,455	
Convertible bonds		7,692		2,158	
Leases		971		853	
	\$	17,007	\$	10,466	

## (28) Expenses by nature

	Three-month periods ended September 30,					
		2021		2020		
Employee benefit expense	\$	252,198	\$	325,708		
Depreciation charges on property, plant						
and equipment		124,241		81,385		
Depreciation charges on investment property		8		-		
Operating lease payments		13,627		9,340		
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		3,172		4,657		
	\$	393,246	\$	421,090		
	Nine	-month periods	ended S	eptember 30,		
		2021		2020		
Employee benefit expense	\$	892,649	\$	883,908		
Depreciation charges on property, plant						
and equipment		315,883		234,004		
Depreciation charges on investment property		8		-		
Operating lease payments		37,453		33,200		
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		9,284		12,977		
	\$	1,255,277	\$	1,164,089		

## (29) Employee benefit expense

	Three	eptember 30,			
		2021		2020	
Wages and salaries	\$	199,745	\$	256,560	
Employee stock options (Note)		7,968		30,432	
Labour and health insurance fees		23,414		19,222	
Pension costs		12,499		6,773	
Other personnel expenses		8,572		12,721	
	\$	252,198	\$	325,708	
	Nine-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021		2020	
Wages and salaries	\$	747,701	\$	674,731	
Employee stock options (Note)		20,956		91,295	
Labour and health insurance fees		61,780		57,007	
Pension costs		32,859		23,400	
Other personnel expenses		29,353		37,475	
	\$	892,649	\$	883,908	

Note: It was equity-settled.

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 5%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors'

remuneration.

- B. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation was accrued at \$46,013, \$41,769, \$138,049 and \$109,837, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$1,050, \$1,050, \$3,150 and \$3,150, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.
  - The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 5%~15% and not be higher than 3% of distributable profit of current year for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2021.
  - Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of 2020 as resolved by the Board of Directors were \$163,401 and \$4,200, respectively, and the employees' compensation was distributed in the form of cash.
- C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (30) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

	Three-month periods ended September 30				
	2021		2020		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	216,353 \$	110,935		
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-	-		
Effect from investment tax credits		-	-		
Prior year income tax overestimation	(	2,651) (	609)		
Total current tax		213,702	110,326		
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(	3,371) (	658)		
Prior year deferred tax asset overestimation		<u>-</u>	8		
Total deferred tax	(	3,371) (	650)		
Income tax expense	\$	210,331 \$	109,676		

	Nine-month periods ended September 30,					
	2021		2020			
Current tax:						
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	366,892	\$	317,564		
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		-		30,827		
Effect from investment tax credits		-	(	30,827)		
Prior year income tax overestimation	(	87,991)	(	51,913)		
Total current tax		278,901		265,651		
Deferred tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		34,454	(	20,389)		
Prior year deferred tax asset underestimation			(	4,317)		
Total deferred tax		34,454	(	24,706)		
Income tax expense	\$	313,355	\$	240,945		

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

# (31) Earnings per share

	Three-month period ended September 30, 2021					
			Weighted average			
			number			
			of ordinary shares	Earr	nings	
	An	nount after	outstanding	per s	hare	
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in do	llars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to the parent	\$	472,124	117,336	\$	4.02	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$	472,124				
shareholders of the parent	Ψ	772,127				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		-	-			
Employee stock options		-	20			
Employees' compensation		-	607			
Restricted stocks						
Shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	472,124	117,963	\$	4.00	

		Three-mon	th period ended Septemb	er 30, 202	0	
			Weighted average			
			number			
			of ordinary shares	Earnings		
	A	mount after	outstanding	per sh	are	
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dol	lars)	
Basic earnings per share					<u> </u>	
Profit attributable to the parent	\$	494,290	116,837	\$	4.23	
Diluted earnings per share		<u> </u>	-,	-		
Profit attributable to ordinary	Φ.	40.4.200				
shareholders of the parent	\$	494,290				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		1,482	1,440			
Employee stock options		-	78			
Employees' compensation		-	408			
Restricted stocks		_	197			
Shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive	φ.	107	110.000	4		
potential ordinary shares	\$	495,772	118,960	\$	4.17	
		Nine-mont	period ended September 30, 2021			
			Weighted average			
			number			
			of ordinary shares	Earni	-	
	Amount after		outstanding	per share		
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dol	lars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to the parent	\$	1,344,393	117,260	\$	11.47	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$	1,344,393				
shareholders of the parent	Ψ	1,511,575				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		-	-			
Employee stock options		-	20			
Employees' compensation		-	795			
Restricted stocks		<u>-</u>				
Shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	1,344,393	118,075	\$	11.39	
potential ordinary shares	Ψ	1,577,575	110,075	Ψ	11.37	

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2020					
			Weighted average			
			number			
			of ordinary shares	Ear	rnings	
	Aı	mount after	outstanding	per	share	
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in d	ollars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Profit attributable to the parent	\$	1,390,853	117,287	\$	11.86	
Diluted earnings per share						
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$	1,390,853				
shareholders of the parent	Ψ	1,390,633				
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		1,482	1,440			
Employee stock options		-	75			
Employees' compensation		-	580			
Restricted stocks			185			
Shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	1,392,335	119,567	\$	11.64	

## (32) Business combinations

- A. On April 16, 2021, the Group acquired common shares of Maxigen Biotech Inc. Maxigen Biotech Inc. through public tender offer and the acquisition period has expired. The Group acquired a 18.42% equity interest in Maxigen Biotech Inc. by cash amounting to \$370,994. Consequently, the Company held 25.31% equity interests in the company, which had plus 6.89% equity interests held by the Group in the first quarter of 2021. On July 12, 2021, the shareholders of Maxigen Biotech Inc. during their meeting re-elected directors and independent directors, the Group was elected as the chairman of Maxigen Biotech Inc. and hold 2 seats in the Board of Directors. Maxigen Biotech Inc. was a subsidiary of the Group since the Group directed the relevant activities of Maxigen Biotech Inc., and Maxigen Biotech Inc. was consolidated into financial statements from the date of acquisition. The Group expected that respective resources, such as research and development, professional technology and sales channel, will be integrated after the acquisition in order to fulfil supplementary effect and develop global medical device business.
- B. The following table summarises the consideration paid for Maxigen Biotech Inc. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as well as the information on the fair value of non-controlling interest at the acquisition date:

	Ju	ıly 12, 2021
Fair value of equity interest in Maxigen Biotech Inc. held before the business combination	\$	655,730
Fair value of non-controlling interest		674,699
C	\$	1,330,429
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and		_
liabilities assumed		
Cash		208,885
Notes and accounts receivable		115,596
Other receivables		13,699
Inventories		97,886
Other current assets		65,402
Property, plant and equipment		461,459
Right-of-use assets		10,595
Investment property		8,875
Intangible assets		1,566
Other non-current assets		32,308
Notes and accounts payable	(	43,834)
Other payables	(	39,238)
Current tax liabilities	(	11,831)
Other current liabilities	(	9,483)
Other non-current liabilities	(	8,583)
Total identifiable net assets		903,302
Goodwill	\$	427,127

- C. Fair values of identifiable net assets acquired were both tentative amounts.
- D. The Company recognised a gain of \$118,816 as a result of measuring at fair value its 25.31% equity interest in Maxigen Biotech Inc. held before the business combination.
- E. Had Maxigen Biotech Inc. been consolidated from January 1, 2021, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$7,205,944 and profit before income tax of \$1,672,497.

## (33) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	Nine-month periods ended September 30,				
		2021		2020	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	49,309	\$	21,533	
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		29,873		110,423	
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(	40,202)	(	48,900)	
Cash paid during the period	\$	38,980	\$	83,056	

# B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects

	Nine-month periods ended September					
	2	2021				
Convertible bonds being converted to						
capital stocks	\$	200	\$			

# 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# (1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Daido Pharmaceutical Corporation	Other related party
	(The company's parent company is the Company's
	institutional shareholder)
PURE MILK CO., LTD.	Other related party (The company is the Company's
	institutional shareholder)
CHUN LING INTERNATIONAL CO.,	Other related party
LTD.	(The second-tier company of the Company is the
	company's institutional shareholder)
SMY INTERENT OF PACKAGE CO. LTD.	Associate

#### SMY INTERENT OF PACKAGE CO., LTD. Associate

## (2) Significant related party transactions

# A. Operating revenue:

	Three-month periods ended September 30,						
		2021	2020				
Sales of goods:							
Other related parties	\$	2,605	\$	-			
Associates		1,345		_			
	\$	3,950	\$	_			
	Nine-	ended September 30,					
		2021					
Sales of goods:							
Other related parties	\$	4,375	\$	-			
Associates		1,359		_			
	\$	5,734	\$				

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

## B. Purchases:

	Thre	e-month periods	ended September 30,		
		2021		2020	
Purchase and processing fees:					
Other related parties	\$	11,365	\$	16,736	
Associates		363			
	\$	11,728	\$	16,736	

Nine	Nine-month periods ended September 30,					
	2021	2020				
\$	23,613	\$	57,091			
	2,448					
\$	26,061	\$	57,091			
	Nine	\$ 23,613 2,448	\$ 23,613 \$ 2,448			

The transaction prices and payment terms to associates have no similar transactions for comparison. The payment term is 30~60 days after monthly billings.

#### C. Other income

	Thr	ended September 30,		
	2	021	2020	
Rent income:				
Associates	\$	48	\$	-
	Nir	ne-month periods e	ended September 30,	
	2	021	2020	
Rent income:		_		
Associates	\$	142	\$	-

The Company leases offices to associates. Rents are negotiated based on the mutual agreement and are collected monthly.

## D. Receivables from related parties:

	Septebr	Septebmer 30, 2021		ber 31, 2020	Septebmer 30, 2020	
Accounts receivable:						
Other related parties	\$	2,415	\$	2,605	\$	1,433
Associates		1,427				
	\$	3,842	\$	2,605	\$	1,433

The receivables from related parties arise mainly from sales of goods. The receivables are due 60 to 90 days after the date of sales. The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear no interest. There are no allowances for uncollectible accounts held against receivables from related parties.

## E. Payables to related parties:

	Septebr	Septebmer 30, 2021		nber 31, 2020	Septebmer 30, 2020	
Accounts payable:						
Other related parties	\$	1,403	\$	12,309	\$	8,697
Associates		2,879		-		
	\$	4,282	\$	12,309	\$	8,697

The payables to related parties arise mainly from purchase transactions and are due two months after the date of purchase. The payables bear no interest.

# (3) Key management compensation

	Three-month periods ended September 30,				
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Share-based payments		2021	2020		
		11,299	\$	65,684	
		4,849		24,318	
	\$	16,148	\$	90,002	
	N	ine-month periods	ended S	eptember 30,	
		2021		2020	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	67,833	\$	117,988	
Share-based payments		14,548		72,471	
		82,381	\$	190,459	

# 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

			I	Book value			
Pledged asset	Septe	ebmer 30, 2021	Dece	ember 31, 2020	Septe	ebmer 30, 2020	Purpose
Property, plant and equipment	\$	1,850,591	\$	1,605,479	\$	1,170,359	Short-term and long-term borrowings
Current financial assets at amortised cost		12,915		159,953		85,309	Short-term borrowings and contract security deposit account for government grants
Non-current financial assets at amortised		763,065		-		-	Restricted by the regulations of the management, utilization, and taxation of repatriated offshore funds
Other non-current							Contract security
assets		500		1,000		1,000	deposit
	\$	2,627,071	\$	1,766,432	\$	1,256,668	

# 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

# (1) Contingencies

None.

#### (2) Commitments

A. Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred are as follows:

	Septebmer 30, 2021		Dece	mber 31, 2020	Septebmer 30, 2020	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	266,628	\$	286,153	\$	353,800

- B. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, the Group's total unused letters of credit was \$4,528, \$22,072 and \$16,802, respectively.
- C. As of September 30, 2021, the Group's guarantee notes under the grant contract to cooperate with the Forward-looking Infrastructure Development Program of Ministry of Economic Affairs amounted to \$43,200.

## 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

## 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

None.

## 12. OTHERS

## (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are based on the Group's operating industrial scale, considering the future growth of the industry and product development, setting up appropriate market share, and planning corresponding capital expenditures. Then, determining the required working capital based on the financial operation plan. Finally, taking into consideration the operating income and cash flows that can be generated by the product competitiveness to decide the appropriate capital structure.

## (2) Financial instruments

## A. Financial instruments by category

	Septebmer 30, 2021		Dec	December 31, 2020		omer 30, 2020
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value through						
profit or loss - current	\$	129,591	\$	135,402	\$	26,958
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument	\$	28,083	\$	25,848	\$	25,848
Financial assets at amortised						
cost/Loans and receivables						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,000,383	\$	4,856,361	\$	4,359,363
Financial assets at amortised cost		672,590		395,803		315,759
Notes receivable		48,528		15,669		23,741
Accounts receivable		1,167,342		619,844		670,100
Accounts receivable - related parties		3,842		2,605		1,433
Other receivables		42,192		56,952		32,825
Guarantee deposits paid		38,957		39,880		38,291
Other financial assets		500		1,000		1,000
	\$	6,974,334	\$	5,988,114	\$	5,442,512
	Septebi	mer 30, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Septel	omer 30, 2020
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,346,015	\$	1,076,334	\$	1,075,230
Notes payable		3,855		1,944		595
Accounts payable		1,100,719		728,508		791,169
Accounts payable - related parties		4,282		12,309		8,697
Other accounts payable		1,995,451		855,157		801,707
Corporate bonds payable (including						
current portion)		-		434,268		433,547
Long-term borrowings (including						
current portion)		591,550		3,980		3,980
	\$	5,041,872	\$	3,112,500	\$	3,114,925
Lease liability	\$	75,501	\$	85,301	\$	94,564

## B. Financial risk management policies

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and

matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

## C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

### (a) Market risk

## Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		September 30, 2021						
(Foreign currency:		Foreign currency	Book value					
functional currency)		amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	(NTD)				
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	USD	41,494	27.8500	\$	1,155,608			
RMB:NTD	RMB	228,948	4.3050		985,621			
EUR:NTD	EUR	943	32.3200		30,478			
JPY:NTD	JPY	250,527	0.2490		62,381			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
JPY:NTD	JPY	737,549	0.2490	\$	183,650			
RMB:NTD	RMB	16,024	4.3050		68,983			
USD:NTD	USD	2,869	27.8500		79,902			
EUR:NTD	<b>EUR</b>	2,530	32.3200		81,770			

		December 31, 2020					
(Foreign currency:		Foreign currency		Во	ok value		
functional currency)		amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	(	(NTD)		
Financial assets				,			
Monetary items							
RMB:NTD	RMB	163,837	4.3770	\$	717,115		
USD:NTD	USD	20,509	28.4800		584,096		
EUR:NTD	EUR	4,287	35.0200		150,131		
JPY:NTD	JPY	436,839	0.2763		120,699		
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
RMB:NTD	RMB	73,866	4.3770	\$	323,311		
USD:NTD	USD	10,168	28.4800		289,585		
JPY:NTD	JPY	467,516	0.2763		129,175		
EUR:NTD	EUR	1,657	35.0200		58,028		
		Septe	ember 30, 2020				
(Foreign currency:		Foreign currency		Bo	ok value		
functional currency)		amount (In thousands)	Exchange rate	(	(NTD)		
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
RMB:NTD	RMB	165,764	4.2690	\$	707,647		
	RMB USD	165,764 16,946	4.2690 29.1000	\$	707,647 493,129		
RMB:NTD		· ·		\$			
RMB:NTD USD:NTD	USD	16,946	29.1000	\$	493,129		
RMB:NTD USD:NTD EUR:NTD	USD EUR	16,946 7,063	29.1000 34.1500	\$	493,129 241,201		
RMB:NTD USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD	USD EUR	16,946 7,063	29.1000 34.1500	\$	493,129 241,201		
RMB:NTD USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities	USD EUR	16,946 7,063	29.1000 34.1500	\$	493,129 241,201		
RMB:NTD USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities Monetary items	USD EUR JPY	16,946 7,063 816,963	29.1000 34.1500 0.2756		493,129 241,201 225,155		
RMB:NTD USD:NTD EUR:NTD JPY:NTD Financial liabilities Monetary items RMB:NTD	USD EUR JPY RMB	16,946 7,063 816,963	29.1000 34.1500 0.2756 4.2690		493,129 241,201 225,155 224,165		

- iii. The total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to \$4,258, (\$7,197), (\$12,156) and \$4,782, respectively.
- iv. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

	Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021							
		Se	alysis					
(Foreign currency:	Degree of	Et	ffect on	Effect on other				
functional currency)	variation	pro	fit or loss	comprehensive incor	ne			
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	1%	\$	11,556	\$	-			
RMB:NTD	"		9,856		-			
EUR:NTD	"		305		-			
JPY:NTD	"		624		-			
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
JPY:NTD	1%	\$	1,836	\$	-			
RMB:NTD	"		690		-			
USD:NTD	"		799		-			
EUR:NTD	"		818		-			
	Nine-mon	ıth peri	od ended S	September 30, 2021				
	Nine-mon		od ended S nsitivity an	-				
(Foreign currency:	Nine-mon	Se		-				
(Foreign currency: functional currency)		Se Et	nsitivity an	alysis	ne			
` •	Degree of	Se Et	nsitivity an	alysis Effect on other	ne			
functional currency)	Degree of	Se Et	nsitivity an	alysis Effect on other	ne			
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u>	Degree of	Se Et	nsitivity an	alysis Effect on other	me_			
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u>	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	nsitivity an ffect on fit or loss	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor	me - -			
functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u> <u>Monetary items</u> RMB:NTD	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	nsitivity an ffect on fit or loss 7,076 4,931	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	risitivity and ffect on fit or loss  7,076 4,931 2,412	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	nsitivity an ffect on fit or loss 7,076 4,931	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor	- - -			
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD  Financial liabilities	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	risitivity and ffect on fit or loss  7,076 4,931 2,412	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items	Degree of variation	Se Ef prof	7,076 4,931 2,412 2,252	alysis  Effect on other comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items  RMB:NTD	Degree of variation	Se Et prot	7,076 4,931 2,412 2,252	alysis  Effect on other  comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD	Degree of variation  1%  "" ""	Se Ef prof	7,076 4,931 2,412 2,252 2,242 1,903	alysis  Effect on other comprehensive incor				
functional currency)  Financial assets  Monetary items  RMB:NTD  USD:NTD  EUR:NTD  JPY:NTD  Financial liabilities  Monetary items  RMB:NTD	Degree of variation  1%  "" ""  1%  "" ""	Se Ef prof	7,076 4,931 2,412 2,252	alysis  Effect on other comprehensive incor				

## Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii.The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic or foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had

increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$1,296 and \$270, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$15 and \$258, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the ninemonth periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in New Taiwan dollars and Chinese Renminbi.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate of New Taiwan dollars had increased/decreased by 0.1% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$1,162 and \$647, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a
- iv. In accordance with the Group's credit risk management policies, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over certain days.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit risk. The

significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

Group applies the modified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss.

vi. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, the loss rate methodology is as follows:

	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	Total
At September 30, 2021					
Expected loss rate	0%~0.23%	0%~20.23%	0%~100%	100.00%	
Total book value	\$908,893	\$ 318,657	\$ 25,536	\$ -	\$1,253,086
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ 29,881	\$ 7,335	\$ -	\$ 37,216
	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	Total
At December 31, 2020					
Expected loss rate	0%~0.23%	0%~20.23%	0%~100%	100.00%	
Total book value	\$ 546,238	\$ 86,326	\$ 37,141	\$ -	\$ 669,705
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ 1,092	\$ 33,100	\$ -	\$ 34,192
	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D	Total
At September 30, 2020					
Expected loss rate	0%~0.23%	0%~20.23%	0%~100%	100.00%	
Total book value	\$549,647	\$ 160,289	\$ 39,442	\$ -	\$ 749,378
Loss allowance	\$ -	\$ 21,551	\$ 33,986	\$ -	\$ 55,537

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2021						
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes receivable				
At January 1	\$	34,192	\$	-			
Provision for impairment		3,024					
At September 30	\$	37,216	\$				
	2020						
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes recei	vable			
At January 1	\$	55,717	\$	-			
Provision for impairment		8		-			
Write-offs	(	8)		-			
Effect of foreign exchange	(	180)					
At September 30	\$	55,537	\$	_			

#### (c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.

- ii. As of September 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020, the Group has undrawn borrowing facilities of \$8,903,977, \$8,811,646 and \$8,846,464, respectively.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

## Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Less than		В	Setween 1	Between	12
September 30, 2021	1 year		and 2 years		and 5 year	
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,346,015	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable		3,855		-		-
Accounts payable						
(including related parties)		1,105,001		-		-
Other payables		1,995,451		-		-
Lease liability		33,571		25,030	16,	900
Guarantee deposits received		-		11,193		-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)		-		-	591,	550

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Less than		Between 1	Between 2
December 31, 2020		1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$	1,076,334	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		1,944	-	-
Accounts payable		740,817	-	-
(including related parties)				
Other payables		855,157	-	-
Lease liability		33,311	26,741	29,212
Guarantee deposits received		-	11,380	-
Long-term borrowings		-	-	3,980
(including current portion)				
Convertible bonds		439,820	-	-

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	Less than	В	Between 1		tween 2
September 30, 2020	1 year	and 2 years		and	5 years
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,075,230	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable	595		-		-
Accounts payable	799,866		-		-
(including related parties)					
Other payables	801,707		-		-
Lease liability	36,290		27,987		35,173
Guarantee deposits received	-		11,099		-
Long-term borrowings					3,980
(including current portion)	-		-		3,900
Convertible bonds	439,820		_		_

## (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
  - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:
  - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

September 30, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Equity securities	\$129,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$129,591
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Equity securities	1,196		26,887	28,083
	\$130,787	\$ -	\$ 26,887	\$157,674
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial liabilities at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Call and put options of corporate				
bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
December 31, 2020 Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities	Level 1 \$ 135,402	Level 2 \$ -	Level 3 \$ -	Total \$ 135,402
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through				
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 135,402		\$ -	\$ 135,402
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities	\$ 135,402		\$ -	\$ 135,402
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities  Liabilities Recurring fair value measurements	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities  Liabilities Recurring fair value measurements Financial liabilities at fair value through	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities  Liabilities Recurring fair value measurements Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Equity securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Equity securities  Liabilities Recurring fair value measurements Financial liabilities at fair value through	\$ 135,402 1,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,402 25,848

September 30, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Assets						
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial assets at fair value through profit	or loss					
Equity securities	\$ 26,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,958		
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Equity securities	1,196	·	24,652	25,848		
•	\$ 28,154	\$ -	\$ 24,652	\$ 52,806		
Liabilities		_				
Recurring fair value measurements						
Financial liabilities at fair value through						
profit or loss						
Call and put options of corporate						
bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares
Market quoted price	Closing price

- ii.Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date (i.e. yield curves on the Taipei Exchange, average commercial paper interest rates quoted from Reuters).
- iii. The output of valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments. Therefore, the estimated value derived using valuation model is adjusted accordingly with additional inputs, for example, model risk or liquidity risk and etc. In accordance with the Group's management policies and relevant control procedures relating to the valuation models used for fair value measurement, management believes adjustment to valuation is necessary in order to reasonably represent the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments at the consolidated balance sheet. The inputs and pricing information used during valuation are carefully assessed and adjusted based on current market conditions.
- iv. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the

# Group's credit quality.

- D. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- E. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, no Level 3 financial instrument was changed.
- F. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.
- G. Financial segment is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fa	air value at		Significant	Range	
	September 30,		Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	2021		technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non- derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	26,887	Discounted cash flow	Long-term revenue growth rate Weighted average cost of capital	15% 9.41%	The higher the long- term revenue growth rate, the higher the fair value; the higher the discount rate, the
						lower the fair value.

	Fair value at December 31, 2020	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non- derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 24,652	Discounted cash flow	Long-term revenue growth rate	15%	The higher the long- term revenue growth rate, the higher the
			Weighted average cost of capital	9.41%	fair value; the higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.
	T 1 .				
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	September 30,	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of
		Valuation technique	Č	C	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non- derivative equity instrument: Unlisted shares	September 30,		unobservable	(weighted	-

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

		September 30, 2021											
			Recog	gnised in	Recognised in other								
			prof	t or loss	comprehensive income								
Financial assets	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change							
Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	±5%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,344	\$ 1,344							
				December	r 31, 2020								
			•	gnised in t or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive incom								
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable							
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change							
Financial assets  Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	±5%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,233 or 30, 2020	\$ 1,233							
			Recos	gnised in		sed in other							
			•	t or loss	_	ensive income							
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable							
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change							
Financial assets  Equity instrument	Discount for lack of marketability	±5%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,233	\$ 1,233							

# (4) Other matter

In response to the Covid-19 outbreak, the Group had adopted related preventive measures and complied with various guidelines imposed by the government. Based on the Group's assessment, there were no significant impact on the Group's operation and business in the third quarter of 2021.

# 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

# (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(12) and 12(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

# (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

# (3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

# (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 11.

## 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

# (1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors that are used to make strategic decisions.

There is no material change in the basis for formation of entities and division of segments in the Group or in the measurement basis for segment information during this period.

# (2) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

4 4	
Adı	ustment

	 Taiwan		Asia		Others	aı	nd reversal		Total
Three-month period ended									
<u>September 30, 2021</u>									
Revenue from external customers	\$ 826,548	\$	1,288,143	\$	262,725	\$	-	\$	2,377,416
Revenue from internal customers	 1,213,803	_	67,255			(	1,281,058)		<u>-</u>
Segment revenue	\$ 2,040,351	\$	1,355,398	\$	262,725	(\$	1,281,058)	\$	2,377,416
Segment income	\$ 665,274	\$	337,906	\$	5,823	(\$	491,004)	\$	517,999
Segment income / loss, including:									
Depreciation and amortisation	\$ 119,186	\$	8,028	\$	207	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	127,421
Interest income	 252	_	21,262			(	161)		21,353
Interest expense	 2,828		214	_	_	(	104)		2,938
Income tax expense	 189,494		25,664			(	4,815)		210,331
Investment profit or loss which is adopting equity method	187,474		90,899			(	279,013)	(	640)

							Adjustment	ent		
		Taiwan		Asia		Other	aı	nd reversal		Total
Three-month period ended										
<u>September 30, 2020</u>										
Revenue from external customers	\$	425,472	\$	1,535,239	\$	196,021	\$	-	\$	2,156,732
Revenue from internal customers		1,251,130		86,903			(	1,338,033)		
Segment revenue	\$	1,676,602	\$	1,622,142	\$	196,021	(\$	1,338,033)	\$	2,156,732
Segment income	\$	622,640	\$	368,249	\$	15,968	(\$	505,288)	\$	501,569
Segment income / loss, including:										
Depreciation and amortisation	\$	63,430	\$	22,194	\$	276	\$	_	\$	85,900
Interest income		42	_	14,982				<u> </u>		15,024
Interest expense		4,699		100		_		_		4,799
Income tax expense		89,616		20,060				<u>-</u>		109,676
Investment profit or loss which										
is adopting equity method		188,561		95,508			(	284,069)		_
							A	Adjustment		
		Taiwan		Asia		Other	aı	nd reversal		Total
Nine-month period ended										
<u>September 30, 2021</u>										
Revenue from external customers	\$	1,741,478	\$	3,591,402	\$1	,330,945	\$	-	\$	6,663,825
Revenue from internal customers		3,357,184		179,860			(	3,537,044)		
Segment revenue	\$	5,098,662	\$	3,771,262	\$1	,330,945	(\$	3,537,044)	\$	6,663,825
Segment income	\$	1,702,334	\$	904,611	\$	788	(\$	1,207,801)	\$	1,399,932
Segment income / loss, including:										
Depreciation and amortisation	\$	269,424	\$	55,015	\$	736	\$	_	\$	325,175
Interest income		388		59,808			(	161)		60,035
Interest expense		16,457		654		_	(	104)		17,007
Income tax expense		266,274		50,748		1,148	(	4,815)		313,355
Investment profit or loss which is										
adopting equity method		428,732		264,504			(	687,064)		6,172
Segment total assets	\$	18,189,653	\$	11,477,522	\$	652,886	(\$	15,254,807)	\$	15,065,254
Segment assets including:										
Investment which is adopting	Ф	4.020.767	Φ	1 002 240	Ф		<b>(Φ</b>	( 010 474)	ф	0.500
equity method	\$	4,938,767	\$	1,082,240	\$		<u>(\$</u>	6,018,474)	\$	2,533
Capital expenditure of non-		288,589		20,041		=		_		308,630
current asset Segment total liabilities	\$	5,423,059	\$	2,688,674	\$	641,108	(\$	2,558,522)	\$	6,194,319
Segment total natilities	Ψ	3,743,037	Ψ	2,000,074	Ψ	071,100	(ψ	2,330,344)	Ψ	0,177,319

				Adjustment			
	Taiwan	Asia	Other	and reversal	Total		
Nine-month period ended							
<u>September 30, 2022</u>							
Revenue from external customers	\$ 1,173,716	\$ 4,697,615	\$ 297,649	\$ -	\$ 6,168,980		
Revenue from internal customers	3,371,259	284,978		( 3,656,237)			
Segment revenue	\$ 4,544,975	\$ 4,982,593	\$ 297,649	(\$ 3,656,237)	\$ 6,168,980		
Segment income	\$ 1,764,949	\$ 1,156,739	\$ 16,219	(\$ 1,534,180)	\$ 1,403,727		
Segment income / loss, including:							
Depreciation and amortisation	\$ 181,996	\$ 64,146	\$ 839	\$ -	\$ 246,981		
Interest income	352	23,057	=		23,409		
Interest expense	10,074	392			10,466		
Income tax expense	160,547	80,398			240,945		
Investment profit or loss which	545,269	312,315		( 857,584)			
is adopting equity method			ф. 167.002	<del></del>	ф. 11 201 000		
Segment total assets	\$ 14,130,030	\$ 11,437,861	\$ 167,902	<u>(\$ 14,344,704)</u>	\$ 11,391,089		
Segment assets including:							
Investment which is adopting							
equity method	\$ 4,457,818	\$ 2,459,260	\$ -	(\$ 6,917,078)	\$ -		
Capital expenditure of non-							
current asset	645,053	31,095			676,148		
Segment total liabilities	\$ 3,779,881	\$ 1,236,403	\$ 148,707	(\$ 769,917)	\$ 4,395,074		

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, sales to Europe and America of reporting department-Taiwan amounted to \$189,898, \$81,233, \$363,916 and \$287,347, respectively, and sales to Europe and America of reporting department-Asia and others amounted to \$264,217, \$196,774, \$1,333,397 and \$297,297, respectively.

# (3) Reconciliation for segment income

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. The reportable segment income or loss is in accordance with the income before tax from continuing operations for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

#### Loans to others

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

# Maximum

outstanding

			General ledger	Is a	nine-r	ance during the				Nature of	Amount of transactions	Reason	Allowance for			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
No.			account	related	Sep	otember 30, 2021	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	loan	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	Col	lateral	granted to	total loans	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	(Note 2)	party		(Note 3)	September 30, 2021	drawn down	rate	(Note 4)	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	a single party	granted	Footnote
1	SHANGHAI	TCI CO., LTD.	Other	Y	\$	516,600	\$ 516,600	\$ -	4.35%	2	\$ -	For operating	\$ -	None	\$	- \$ 1,191,609	\$ 1,191,609	Notes 5 and 6
	BIOFUNCTION		receivables -									capital						
	CO., LTD.		related parties															
2	SHANGHAI	TCI CO., LTD.	Other	Y		344,400	344,400	-	4.35%	2	-	For operating	-	None		- 379,131	379,131	Notes 5 and 6
	BIOSCIENCE		receivables -									capital						
	CO., LTD.		related parties															

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Fill in the name of account in which the loans are recognised, such as receivables-related parties, current account with stockholders, prepayments, temporary payments, etc.
- Note 3: Fill in the maximum outstanding balance of loans to others during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2021. The amount is calculated at the closing rate of RMB\$1: NTD\$4.3050, the exchange rate used in original transaction shall be adopted if there was no movement.
- Note 4: (1) For entities having business transaction with the Company, limit on loans granted to a single party is the higher value of purchasing and selling during the most recent year or during the current year as of the date of financing.
  - (2) For nature of loan pertaining to short-term financing, limit on loans granted to a single party is 30% of the Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements.
- Note 5: For short-term financing with other entities, ceiling on total loans granted by the Company's subsidiary to others is 30% of the subsidiary's net assets based on the latest financial statements,
  - and limit on loans granted by the Company's subsidiary to a single party is 30% of the subsidiary's net assets based on the latest financial statements.
- Note 6: The amounts were approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

									Ratio of					
									accumulated					
		Party	being		Maximum				endorsement/		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/g	guaranteed		outstanding	Outstanding			guarantee		endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			Relationship	Limit on	endorsement/	endorsement/		Amount of	amount to net	Ceiling on	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			with the	endorsements/	guarantee	guarantee		endorsements/	asset value of	total amount of	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
			endorser/	guarantees	amount as of	amount at		guarantees	the endorser/	endorsements/	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	Endorser/		guarantor	provided for a	September 30,	September 30,	Actual amount	secured with	guarantor	guarantees	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	single party	2021	2021	drawn down	collateral	company	provided	(Note 4)	( Note 4 )	(Note 4)	Footnote
0	TCI CO., LTD.	TCI HK	2	\$ 1,661,577	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	12.04	\$ 4,153,942	Y	N	N	Note 3
		LIMITED												

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
  - (1) Having business relationship.
  - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/ guaranteed subsidiary.
  - (3) The Endorser/guarantor parent company and its subsidiaries jointly own more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
  - (4) The endorsed/guaranteed parent company directly or indirectly owns more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor subsidiary.
  - (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
  - (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
  - (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: Limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements.
  - Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided to others is 50% of the Company's net assets based on the latest financial statements.
- Note 4: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

## Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

## September 30, 2021

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		B 1 2 11 14 4						
Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
TCI CO., LTD.	BILLION ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	125,039	\$ 1,196	0.13 \$	1,196	
TCI CO., LTD.	LIN LIE INTEGRATION CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	54,000	372	3.48	372	
TCI CO., LTD.	PURE MILK CO., LTD.	The Company was an institutional shareholder of PURE MILK CO., LTD	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	403,333	22,000	9.26	22,000	
TCI LIVING CO., LTI	D. CHUN LING INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.	The company was an institutional shareholder of CHUN LING INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	451,440	4,514	19.00	4,514	
TCI CO., LTD.	NIPPI INC	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	70,600	65,044	2.44	65,044	
TCI CO., LTD.	SYNGEN BIOTECH CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	148,000	13,068	0.55	13,068	
TCI CO., LTD.	GENMONT BIOTECH CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	2,079,000	50,312	2.41	50,312	
TCI CO., LTD.	NuVasive INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	700	1,167	0.00	1,167	

# $Acquisition \ or \ sale \ of \ the \ same \ security \ with \ the \ accumulated \ cost \ exceeding \ \$300 \ million \ or \ 20\% \ of \ the \ Company's \ paid-in \ capital$

#### Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Relationship	Balance	as at	Addit	tion		Dis	oosal			·r · · · · · · · ·
	Marketable	General		with	January 1	, 2021	( Note	23)		( No	te 3)		202	.1
	securities	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Number of		Number of		Number of			Gain (loss) on	Number of	
Investor	( Note 1 )	account	(Note 4)	(Note 4)	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Selling price	Book value	disposal	shares	Amount
MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	Shares - MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	Note 2 Note 3	-	-	1,957,000	\$45,072	15,622,881	\$435,406	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	17,579,881	\$480,478

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: It was reclassified from 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current' to 'investment accounted for using equity method' after the public tender offer for acquiring ordinary shares of MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC. expired on April 16, 2021. The Group has obtained control over the subsidiary on July 12, 2021 and included the subsidiary in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: The Group invested in the securities with the amount exceeding \$300 million.

Note 4: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

# Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

						compared	to uniu party					
				Transac	tion		trans	actions	N			
					Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases		total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	 Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	(Sales)	\$ 711,284 (	16.11)	60-90 days	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.		\$	40,432	4.06	
TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	(Sales)	1,061,781 (	24.06)	60-90 days	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.			118,373	11.88	
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH LLC	Subsidiary	(Sales)	1,116,886 (	25.30)	60-90 days	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.			451,336	4.53	

Note: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

## Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

September 30, 2021

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

									Amount collecte	d
		Relationship				_	Overdue re	eceivables	subsequent to the	e Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance as a	at September 30, 2021		Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet dat	e doubtful accounts
TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD	Subsidiary	Accounts receivable	\$	118,373	11.22	-	-	\$ 118,3	73 \$ -
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH LLC	Subsidiary	Accounts receivable		451,336	3.32	-	-	451,3	- 36

Note: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity.

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction	
Number			Relationship				Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	1	Sales of goods	\$ 711,284	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	10.67
0	TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	1	Accounts receivable	40,432	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	0.25
0	TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	1	Sales of goods	1,061,781	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	15.93
0	TCI CO., LTD.	SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	1	Accounts receivable	118,373	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	0.73
0	TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH LLC	1	Sales of goods	1,116,886	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	16.76
0	TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH LLC	1	Accounts receivable	451,336	The prices and terms of sales and purchases are available to third parties.	2.77

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

## Information on investees

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares he	ld as at September 30	) 2021	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the	income(loss) recognised by the Company for the	
			Main business	Balance as at	Balance as at	Shares he	a us at septemoer so	, 2021	nine-month period ended	nine-month period ended	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities		December 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2021	Footnote
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI FIRSTEK CORP.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of health foods and cosmetics	\$ 43,685	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	238,296,886	100.00	3,384,054			None
TCI CO., LTD.	GENE & NEXT INC.	Taiwan	Research and development of biotechnology and genetics	64,250	64,250	9,541,125	61.19	181,237	85,419	52,268	None
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI HK LIMITED	Hong Kong	Trading health foods and cosmetics	21,046	21,046	-	100.00	2,236	( 11,091)	( 11,091)	None
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH LLC	U.S.A.	Trading health foods and cosmetics	8,778	8,778	-	100.00	15,115	( 8,202)	( 8,202)	None
TCI CO., LTD.	BIOCOSME CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Trading health foods and cosmetics	5,000	5,000	500,000	100.00	5,007	1	1	None
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI JAPAN CO., LTD.	JAPAN	Trading health foods and cosmetics	15,626	15,626	5,500	100.00	21,488	( 2,261)	( 2,261)	None
GENE & NEXT INC.	GLUX HK LIMITED	Hong Kong	Trading health foods and cosmetics	29,542	29,542	-	100.00	441	9	6	None
GENE & NEXT INC.	TCI LIVING CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Trading health foods and cosmetics	43,175	43,175	2,760,000	79.31	28,429	( 5,444)	( 4,318)	None
TCI LIVING CO., LTD.	SBI GROUP HK LIMITED	Hong Kong	Trading health foods and cosmetics	-	-	-	100.00	3,733	( 1)	-	None
TCI CO., LTD.	PT TCI BIOTEK INDO	Indonesia	Trading health foods and cosmetics	-	-	-	100.00	91	-	-	Note 3
TCI CO., LTD.	TCI BIOTECH NETHERLANDS B.V.	Netherlands	Trading health foods and cosmetics	3,367	3,367	-	100.00	2,027	3,177	3,177	None
TCI CO., LTD.	QUANTUM BIOLOGY INC.	Taiwan	Research and development of biotechnology	30,000	30,000	3,000,000	100.00	10,880	( 11,149)	( 11,024)	None
TCI CO., LTD.	SMY INTERENT OF PACKAGE CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Producing, manufacturing and selling of packaging containers	1,900	1,900	190,000	19.00	2,533	3,330	633	None
TCI CO., LTD.	MAXIGEN BIOTECH INC.	Taiwan	Wholesale of cosmetics and research and development, producing and sales of biologicals	480,478	-	17,579,881	22.83	642,244	73,889	12,903	None

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 3: There was no capital injection as of September 30, 2021.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

<sup>(1)</sup>The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at September 30, 2021' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column..

(2)The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2021' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

<sup>(3)</sup> The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2021' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

## Information on investments in Mainland China

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Amount remitted from Taiwan

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumul amount remittance Taiwan Mainland	t of e from to China	to Mainlan Amount rem to Taiwan for th period ended S 202	nitted back the nine-month the eptember 30,	of ref from Main	land China	Net income of investee as of	held by the Company	Investment incom (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine-	Bo in Ma	ook value of vestments in uinland China	of i	iwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	as of Janu 2021	•	Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan		September 0, 2021	2021	,	month period ender September 30, 202		30, 2021	Sep	2021	Footnote
SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	Wholesale of health foods, cosmetics and chemical productions; cosmetic manufacturing	\$ 14,204	Note 3	\$ 1:	5,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$	15,440	\$ 234,681	100.00	\$ 234,68	1 \$	3,496,127	\$	289,047	Note 5 Note 6
SHANGHAI BIOSCIENCE CO., LTD.	Wholesale of health foods, cosmetics and chemical productions; cosmetics manufacturing	25,830	Note 2		-	-	-		-	263,100	100.00	263,10	)	3,279,939		-	Note 5 Note 6
SHANGHAI BIOCOSME CO., LTD.	Producing cosmetics	142,065	Note 2		-	-	-		-	( 12,755	100.00	( 12,75.	5)	170,524		-	Note 5 Note 6
SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	Producing health foods	1,127,294	Note 1	438	8,307	-	-		438,307	418,056	100.00	418,05	5	1,763,381		942,055	Note 5 Note 6
SHANGHAI BIOTECHGENE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	Research and development of biotechnology and genetics	43,050	Note 4		-	-	-		-	342	100.00	34	2	44,208		-	Note 5 Note 6
TCI LIVING SHANGHAI CO., LTD.	Trading health foods and cosmetics	2,785	Note 3		-	-	-		-	( 2,113	48.53	( 1,02	5)	2,924		-	Note 5 Note 6

Note 1: Reinvestments in a company in Mainland China through parent company in Taiwan and Shanghai BioScience Co., Ltd.. (USD\$14,400 and RMB\$168,700)

Note 2: Reinvestments in a company in Mainland China through Shanghai BioTrade Co., Ltd.

Note 3: Reinvestments in a company in Mainland China through domestic subsidiary company.

Note 4: Reinvestments in a company in Mainland China through Shanghai BioScience Co., Ltd.

Note 5: The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

					Ceiling on
			Investn	nent amount	investments in
			appro	ved by the	Mainland China
			Inv	estment	imposed by the
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainlar	d	Comm	ission of the	Investment
	China		Ministry	of Economic	Commission of
Company name	as of September 30, 2021		Affair	rs (MOEA)	 MOEA
TCI CO., LTD.	\$ 438,	307	\$	696,250	\$ 5,322,561
TCI FIRSTEK CORP.	15,	140		15,440	2,081,212

Note 6: The numbers in this table are expressed in New Taiwan dollars, except for: assets and liabilities presents at RMB\$1: NTD\$4.3050, USD\$1: NTD\$27.8500; income presents at RMB\$1: NTD\$4.3375, USD\$1: NTD\$28.0671;

Note 7: The amount is the higher of limits on accumulated investment amounts or 60% of consolidated net assets was based on Investment Commission, MOEA Regulation No. 09704604680 announced on August 29, 2008.

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Nine-month period ended September 30, 2021

Table 10 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Provision of Accounts receivable endorsements/guarantees

						A	Accounts receiva	able	endorsemen	ts/guarantees								
	Sale (pu	rchase)		Property tran	saction		(payable)		or col	laterals			Fina	ancing	g			_
											Maximum balan	nce during	3			Interest du	ring	
											the nine-m	nonth				the nine-mo	onth	
Investee in Mainland						]	Balance at		Balance at		period en	ded	Balance at			period end	led	
China	Amount	%		Amount	%	Septe	mber 30, 2021	%	September 30, 20	21 Purpose	September 30	0, 2021	September 30,	2021	Interest rate	September 30	, 2021	Others
SHANGHAI BIOFUNCTION CO., LTD.	\$ 1,061,	781 24.0	6 \$	\$ -	_	\$	118,373	11.88	\$		\$	-	- \$	-	-	\$	-	
SHANGHAI BIOTRADE CO., LTD.	711,	284 16.1	1				40,432	4.06					-	-	-		-	

Note: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

# Major shareholders information

September 30, 2021

Table 11

	-	Sh	ares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of	of shares held	Ownership	
DYDO GROUP HOLDINGS INC.		9,593,216		8.11%